Student	_ ID# Current GPA
Employer	Supervisor
Employer Address	Phone#

Red Bluff Joint Union High School District

Work Permit Contract

Students who wish to be employed while attending school may do so under the conditions established by the State of California Department of Labor and Red Bluff Joint Union High School District administration. The employment should never interfere with enough quality time to complete required studies. Prior to obtaining a work permit, students must make an appointment with the Work Experience Instructor to determine if they meet the requirements for a work permit as outlined in this policy. Under special circumstances, the high school principal may make a temporary exception to the conditions required for a work permit.

Applications for work permits are available in the Red Bluff High School CTE Office, Monday – Friday from 7:30 a.m. - 3:30 p.m.

Conditions of issuing work permits include:

- Students must maintain a minimum 2.0 grade point average (GPA). If the student's current GPA is below 2.0 when they apply for a work permit they may be granted a conditional permit for 2-6 weeks, but will be expected to improve their GPA by the end of this period.
- Students must maintain 90% or higher attendance rate; and
- Students must not have any significant discipline issues as determined by school administration.
- All students under the age of 18 must have a work permit in order to be employed.

The steps for obtaining a work permit are as follows:

Review, compete and sign in INK this Work Permit Contract (student, parent/guardian, and employer).			
Complete the "Request for Work Permit and Statement of Intent to Employ Minor" form in INK. Be su			
include your social security number on this form.			
☐ Have your employer complete and sign in INK their section of this form.			
☐ Have parent/guardian sign in INK.			
Turn in all required and signed forms to the WEE Instructor within 24-hour.			
Permits must be picked up within 7 days of issue or a new application will be required.			

SUMMER SESSION NOTE: Forms may be picked up and submitted at the Red Bluff Joint Union High School District Office, 1525 Douglass Street, during the **summer break only**.

Red Bluff Joint Union High School District will call an employer and revoke a work permit if any of the following conditions occur:

- Student drops from the Red Bluff Joint Union High School District.
- Student has excessive truancies, tardies, and/or absences.
- Student has not completed prior discipline consequences.

- Student misses class and/or does not turn in satisfactory work in a given period of time.
- Student's performance on tests is deemed sub-standard by school administration, counselors, and/or student's individual subject teachers.
- School administration, counselors, and/or student's individual subject teachers through the SST process determine that schoolwork is suffering because of employment.

If a student is in danger of not being eligible due to grades or attendance, they will be **given a warning** and will have 2-3 weeks to demonstrated required improvement. If improvement is not made, the WEE Instructor will send a letter of probation to the student's parent/guardian and employer identifying the concerns and a specific date in which improvement must be made. If the student does not demonstrate improvement by the identified date, the WEE Instructor will inform the student their **work permit has been revoked**. WEE Instructor will visit the employer and revoke the permit immediately.

The following information is required prior to issuance of a work permit.

Student's j	ob title			_ Hourly w	age_\$	
Will standa		luctions be take r o	n from the stu	dent's pay cl	neck (FWT, SW	T, FICA, SDI)?
		pated hours for e			Cotundor	Condon
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
		t at least 5 main				
Student Signa	ature:				Date:	
Parent/Guardian Signature:			Date:			
Employer Sig	gnature:				Date:	

The Red Bluff Joint Union High School District is an equal opportunity employer and does not discriminate on the basis of sexual orientation, gender, ethnic group identification, race, ancestry, national origin, religion, color, or mental or physical disability. (Title VI, Title IX, and Section 504 Vocational Rehabilitation)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

STATEMENT OF INTENT TO EMPLOY A MINOR AND REQUEST FOR A WORK PERMIT–CERTIFICATE OF AGE CDE Form B1-1 (Rev. 02-14)

A "STATEMENT OF INTENT TO EMPLOY A MINOR AND REQUEST FOR A WORK PERMIT–CERTIFICATE OF AGE" form (CDE Form B1-1) shall be completed in accordance with California *Education Code* 49162 and 49163 as notification of intent to employ a minor. This form is also a Certificate of Age pursuant to California *Education Code* 49114.

(Print Information)						
Minor's Information						
Minor's Name (First and Last))	Home Phone			Grade	
Home Address		City			Zip Code	
Birth Date Soc	ial Security Number	Age	S	tudent's Sig	 gnature	
School Information	iai zeeariy 1 (aiiieer	1.184			Simon	
Red Bluff Joint Union High School	(530) 529	9-8864				
School Name	School I					
P.O. Box 1507/1515 Douglass St.	Red Blut	ff, CA	96080			
School Address	City		Zip Code			
To be filled in and signed by parent or l	egal guardian					
This minor is being employed at the place of my knowledge and belief, the information has been also belief.	erein is correct and t	rue.			ngy that to the	oesi oj
Parent's Name (Print First and	Last)	Parent's S	ignature		Date	
To be filled in and signed by employer						
Business Name or Agency of Placen	nent	Business Phone		Super	visor's Name	
Business Address Employer's Maximum Expected Work Ho Describe nature of work to be performed:		City urs per day		ek	Zip Cod	le
In compliance with California labor laws, to discriminate unlawfully on the basis of race physical handicap, or medical condition. I	, ethnic background,	religion, sex, sexua	l orientation, co	lor, nation	al origin, anc	estry, age,
Employer's Name (Print First and L	ast)	Employer's S	Signature		Date	
For authorized work permit issuer use 0	ONLY					
Maximum number of work hours when sci	nool is in session:	Maximum numb	er of work hour	s when scho	ool is not in se	ession:
Mon Tues Wed Thur Fri S	Sat Sun Total	Mon Tues	Wed Thur	Fri	Sat Sun	Total
School Records		Check Permit T				
Proof of Minor's Age (Evidence Type) Todd Brose, Superintendent		Full-time Education, Seducation, Seducatio			-	
				ation, vocation		
	·	Restricted		Attend		1141
Verifying Authority's Name and Title (Pro	m)	General		☐ Worka	ability	
Verifying Authority's Signature						

For more information about child labor laws, contact the U.S. Department of Labor at http://www.dol.gov/, and the State of California Department of Industrial Relations, Division of Labor Standards Enforcement at http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE/dlse.html. STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

STATEMENT OF INTENT TO EMPLOY A MINOR AND REQUEST FOR A WORK PERMIT–CERTIFICATE OF AGE

CDE Form B1-1 (Rev. 02-14)

General Summary of Minors' Work Regulations

FLSA-Federal Labor Standards Act, CDE-California Department of Education, EC-California Education Code, LC-California Labor Code, CFR-California Federal Regulations

- If federal laws, state laws, and school district policies conflict, the more restrictive law (the one most proactive of the minor) prevails. (FLSA)
- Employers of minors required to attend school must complete a "Statement of Intent to Employ a Minor and Request for Work Permit" (CDE B1-1) for the school attendance for each such minor. (EC 49162)
- Employers must retain a "Permit to Employ and Work" (CDE B1-4) for each such minor. (EC 49161)
- Work permits (CDE B1-4) must be retained for three years and be available for inspection by sanctioned authorities at all time. (EC 49164)
- A work permit (CDE B1-4) must be revoked whenever the issuing authority determines the employment is illegal or is impairing the health or education of the minor. (EC 49164)

• A day of rest from work is required in every seven days, and shall not exceed six days in seven. (*LC* 551, 552)

Minors under the age of 18 may not work in environments declared hazardous or dangerous for young workers, examples listed below: (*LC* 1294.1 and 1294.5, 29 *CFR* 570 Subpart E)

- 1. Explosive exposure
- 2. Motor vehicle driving/outside helper
- 3. Roofing
- 4. Logging and sawmilling
- 5. Power-driven woodworking machines
- 6. Radiation exposure
- 7. Power-driven hoists/forklifts
- 8. Power-driven metal forming, punching, and shearing machines
- 9. Power saws and shears
- 10. Power-driving meat slicing/processing machines

HOURS OF WORK

16 & 17 Year Olds	14 & 15 Year Olds	12 & 13 Year Olds
Must have complete 7 th grade to work	Must have complete 7 th grade to work	Labor laws generally prohibit non-farm
while school is in sessions.	while school is in sessions.	employment of children younger than 14.
(EC 49112)	(EC 49112) Special rules apply to agricu	
		domestic work, and the entertainment
		industry. (LC 1285-1312)

School In Session

	S CHOOL III S CSSIOII	
4 hours per day on any school day.	3 hours per school day outside of school	2 hours per school day and a maximum of
(EC 49112;49116; LC 1391)	hours (EC 49112, 49116; LC 1391)	4 hours per week. (EC 49112)
8 hours on any non-school day or on any	8 hours on a non-school day.	
day preceding a non-school day.	No more than 18 hours per week. (EC	
(EC 49112; LC 1391)	49116; <i>LC</i> 1391)	
48 hours per week. (<i>LC</i> 1391)	WEE students may work during school	
WEE students & personal attendants may	hours & up to 23 hours per week. (EC	
work more than 4 hours on a school day,	49116; <i>LC</i> 1391)	
but never more than 8. (EC 49116; LC		
1391, 1392)		

School Not In Session

N 4 V V V N V V W				
8 hours per day. (<i>LC</i> 1391, 1392)	8 hours per day. (<i>LC</i> 1391, 1392)	8 hours per day. (<i>LC</i> 1391, 1392)		
48 hours per week. (<i>LC</i> 1391)	40 hours per week. (<i>LC</i> 1391)	40 hours per week. (<i>LC</i> 1391)		

Spread of Hours

	Spread of Hours	
5 a.m10 p.m. However, until 12:30 a.m.	7 a.m7 p.m., except that from June 1	7 a.m7 p.m., except that from June 1
on any evening preceding a non-school	through Labor Day, until 9 p.m. (LC 1391)	through Labor Day, until 9 p.m. (LC 1391)
day. (LC 1391)		

For more information about child labor laws, contact the U.S. Department of Labor at http://www.dol.gov/, and the State of California Department of Industrial Relations, Division of Labor Standards Enforcement at http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE/dlse.html

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!

Congratulations on your new job. You are now a worker-that means you need to know your rights!



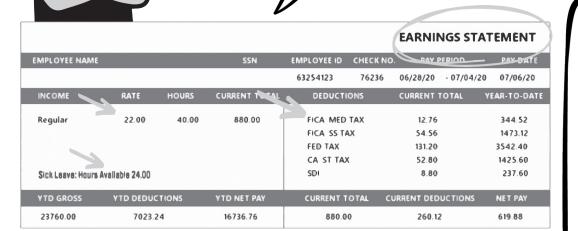
For more information and details about these laws scan the QR code.



laborcenter.berkeley.edu/rights



Make sure your boss pays you correctly, on time, and doesn't make you pay for extras, like uniforms. You should be paid for training time. You have the right to sick leave, breaks, a safe workplace, and more.



Don't get paid in cash!

You could get scammed! Your employer has to give you a pay stub showing your hourly wage, the hours you worked, your available paid sick leave, taxes, and other deductions.

Minimum wage!

\$16.00 in 2024; increases every January 1.

Many cities have higher minimum wages.

Some special rules or exceptions may apply, depending on your job.

wage for fast-food

Special

minimum

workers!



\$20 per hour

TIPS:

Workers earning tips have the same minimum wage as other workers. Tips do NOT count toward your minimum wage. Your employer cannot take your tips.

"SHOW UP" (OR "REPORTING TIME") PAY:

If you show up for your scheduled shift and your employer sends you home because there isn't enough work or gives you less than half of your usual or scheduled hours, you may be entitled to partial payment for the cut hours.

GET YOUR CHECK ON TIME:

If your check is late, you are entitled to an additional payment. If you are fired you should receive your final paycheck on your last day of work.

YOU ARE AN EMPLOYEE, YOU HAVE RIGHTS!

If your employer sets your wages and hours and tells you how your job should be done you are an EMPLOYEE, not a self-employed "independent contractor." Some employers try to say their workers are independent contractors, not employees, because it saves them money on payroll taxes. It's illegal to hire anyone under age 18 as an independent contractor.

Independent contractors do not have the labor protections like minimum wage, overtime pay, sick leave, and more.

Wage theft is illegal!

When an employer doesn't pay you everything you are owed, that's wage theft and it's illegal.

Some examples of wage theft:

- You are paid less than you were promised
- You are made to do any work before clocking in, after clocking out, or during your breaks
- Your employer makes paycheck deductions (besides those required by the government) without your permission. Common illegal deductions are for things like:
 - Equipment
 - Uniforms
 - Things you accidentally break
 - Cash register shortages caused by mistakes

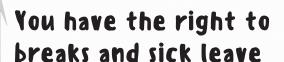
If you accidentally drop a tray of dishes, take a bad check, or have a customer walk out without paying a check, your employer cannot deduct the loss from your paycheck!

Hours you can work

Teens cannot legally work too late, too early, or too many hours per day or per week. There are rules for the school year and more flexible rules for the summer. Some school districts may have stricter rules than the general California law.

Scan the QR code to learn more.





BREAKS

All employees are entitled to:

- A 10-minute paid rest break for every 4 hours of work
- An unpaid, uninterrupted 30-minute break for every 5 hours of work

PAID SICK LEAVE

- Most workers are entitled to at least five days or 40 hours of paid sick leave (whichever is more) each year. After that, you can take unpaid leave if you are still sick.
- Your employer cannot punish or fire you for using paid sick leave, and cannot require you to find your own replacement while you are out.

laborcenter.berkeley.edu/rights

IS YOUR JOB DANGEROUS?

CAUTION CAUTION

CI

CAUTION

Your employer is required to provide:



• A safe and healthy workplace



 Training on chemicals and other hazards



 Protective uniforms and equipment



 Workers' compensation if you are hurt on the job

Report problems to Cal/OSHA, the government agency in charge of workplace safety. Your call to Cal/OSHA is confidential and you don't even have to give them your name.

There are programs to help you if you get hurt on the job, if you become unemployed, disabled or sick and cannot work, or if you need to care for a family member or new baby.

You can refuse to do a task that could get you injured or even killed.

Some jobs are off-limits because they are too dangerous for teens.

Jobs teens are not allowed to do:

- Drive a motor vehicle on public streets as a main part of the job (with some exceptions)
- Drive heavy equipment
- Use powered equipment like a circular saw, box crusher, meat slicer, or bakery machine
- Work in wrecking, demolition, excavation, or roofing, logging or a sawmill
- Prepare, serve, or sell alcoholic drinks
- Work where exposed to radiation.

Also, 14 or 15 year old workers cannot:

- Do any baking
- Cook over an open flame
- Work in dry cleaning or a commercial laundry
- Do building, construction, or manufacturing work
- Load or unload a truck, railroad car, or moving belt.

Scan the QR code to learn more.





laborcenter.berkeley.edu/rights

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS AND GET HELP!



You have the right to join a labor union!

Unions are organizations where workers join forces to improve their working conditions. Through their union, workers negotiate as one with their employer on wages, benefits, health and safety, and other workplace rights. Employees are entitled to work together on common issues, even if they don't have a union.

It is illegal for employers to punish or fire you for joining or forming a union.

Employers CANNOT take your rights

Employers get to decide many things at work, but they cannot violate your rights or punish you for standing up for those rights!

It is illegal for an employer to fire you, cut your hours, give you a worse shift or bad assignment, or punish you in any other way for exercising any of your rights such as refusing to work off the clock, taking paid sick leave, reporting harassment, or insisting on a safe workplace. It is illegal for an employer to call ICE to get back at workers who report workplace violations; employers face high fines for this.



Where to go for help

It can be confusing to figure out how to report an employer for violating your rights. Try to find a trusted adult, like a parent, teacher, or school counselor, to help you exercise your rights.

Scan the QR code to find out where to make a complaint and to find organizations that can help you!

SCAN TO LEARN MORE!



