

### **GUIDELINES & RESOURCES**



# STUDENT STUDY TEAMS (SST)

## WHAT IS A STUDENT STUDY TEAM?

#### **PURPOSE**

An SST is a multi-disciplinary team that considers, plans, and assesses general education interventions and supports for students experiencing academic, speech/language, and/or social-emotional/behavioral difficulties. This early intervention for struggling students through the SST process is a function of the general education program and not of special education. The SST process provides an opportunity for an in-depth focus on improving school success one student at a time.

The purpose of the (SST) is to problem-solve and to identify supports in the general education setting which allow a student to be successful in that setting. Each school is required to have an SST process in place.



Typically, well-implemented SST structures and processes increase student achievement through the following elements:

- Identification of student strengths, as well as concerns that interfere with the student's learning and achievement
- Prioritization of student's concerns
- Development of a closely monitored, data driven action plan
- Periodic review of student progress

#### WHO PARTICIPATES IN THE SST TEAM

The SST is comprised of members of the general education school staff and includes meaningful participation of the parent/guardian and the student, if appropriate. The SST reviews and analyzes all screening data, including Response To Instruction and Intervention (RTI2) results and provides a system for accountability. It is recommended that an SST include at least the referring person, principal/administrative designee, the classroom teacher or other school staff, and the parent/guardian. Parents play an integral role in the SST process, and it is recommended that the school have in place communication pathways that support meaningful parental participation. If requested, intervention specialists and/or special educators may also participate in SST meetings.

#### TEAM MEMBER ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

#### **Referring Person**

- Clearly define student's strengths
- Share goals for student referred
- Identify areas of concern
- List attempts to address concerns, implemented over a reasonable period of time
- Provide objective feedback regarding success/lack of success
- Solicit additional support/suggestions
- Implement additional support/suggestions

#### Principal/Administrative Designee

- Facilitate collaboration
- Offer reasonable alternatives
- Provide support to student, teacher, and parent/guardian
- Focus on student involvement in the general education process
- Suggest additional general education programs and supports available (i.e. Reading Recovery, title I, etc.)

#### **Classroom Teacher or Other School Staff**

- Provide specific input regarding identified concerns
- Suggest support/adaptations to be implemented
- Provide follow-up support to teacher/parent/student

#### Parent/Guardian

- Share personal goals for child
- Clearly define a student's strengths
- Identify areas of concerns
- Provide any relevant additional out-of-school information (health, social-emotional)
- Partner with the school in solutions-based problem solving
- Accept shared responsibility for partnership

#### Student, if Appropriate

- Share personal goals
- Provide information regarding likes/dislikes
- Accept responsibility for suggested change

#### SST REFERRAL

- A student may be referred to the SST for:
- Lack of academic progress
- Behavioral/emotional concerns
- Attendance/truancy issues
- Consideration for retention
- Social adjustment
- Consideration for special education disabilities
- Other unresolved parent/guardian concerns

#### SST FLOWCHART











504 Plan



















#### REFERRAL

- Student is experiencing academic, speech/ language, and/or social emotional/ behavioral difficulties.
- Teacher or parent/ guardian request an SST
- Complete SST Referral Form

#### **SCHEDULE**

- Schedule SST/ Communicate with family
- Complete teacher(s) student feedback form

#### SST MEETING

- Hold SST Meeting
- Use SST meeting form to document notes and responsibilities
- Ensure appropriate staff are notified of outcomes and place SST meeting form in student cumulative folder

#### **REVIEW**

- Apply interventions, document progress
- Schedule follow up SST meetings (8- 12 weeks)

#### **NEXT STEPS**

- Hold SST meeting review to follow-up on progress, adjust/intensify interventions, and/or add supports as needed
- A recommendation for referral for assessment under Section 504 may result.
- A recommendation for referral for special education assessment under IDEA may result

#### INSUFFICIENT STUDENT PROGRESS

The SST will meet at a minimum two times for an initial SST meeting and a review SST meeting. When a student demonstrates insufficient growth based on progress monitoring and subsequent modification of interventions and supports that have been implemented with fidelity for 8 - 12 weeks at each RTI2 tier, the SST should consider a referral for an assessment under Section 504 or IDEA. The SST needs to detail the steps and interventions that have been taken by the school to include the student in a general education classroom. This list can include:

- Supplementary aids and services provided.
- Alterations made to the general education program
- Consistency of interventions and outcomes
- Coordination with other school site programs
- Fidelity of interventions and outcomes

Typically, the SST process is not appropriate for students described below:

- Specific disability areas. Students suspected of having disabilities, such as hearing impairment, visual
  impairment, deaf-blindness, severe and recent traumatic brain injury, intellectual disability (moderate or
  severe), multiple disabilities, and some students with severe autism, severe orthopedic impairments
  and/or significant health issues
- Mental illness. For students suspected of exhibiting a significant mental illness, the school psychologist should evaluate the student's needs and, as appropriate, contact the proper agency

#### **LEGAL REQUIREMENTS**

If a referral to special education is the outcome, the SST fulfills the legal function of ensuring that documented attempts have been made to modify the general education program before referring the student for special education, as per (EC56303; 5 CCR 3021).

If the SST recommends an assessment for special education after attempted systematic and substantiated general education interventions, the assessment questions to be answered are: a) whether the child has a disability, b) to determine the educational needs of the child, and c) if the child would educationally benefit from special education services.

The general education teacher serves an essential role in addressing the questions listed below. These questions can assist in determining eligibility for special education supports and services as well as answering the concern for referral:

- Is the discrepancy due primarily to limited school experience, poor school attendance, environmental, cultural or economic disadvantages, intellectual disability, emotional disturbance, vision, hearing and/or motor problems, or lack of instruction in reading or math or limited English proficiency?
- Can this discrepancy be addressed through additional services in conjunction with interventions in the regular program? (Information documented through the SST meetings.)
- Is this discrepancy corroborated by other data? (Information obtained from parent, student, staff).
- Is it possible for the student to succeed in general education for any portion of the academic program?
- Is it possible for the student to succeed in regular nonacademic classes?
- What services will special education provide that the general education setting cannot provide?

If a student is referred for special education assessment and does NOT meet eligibility criteria the SST may need to:

- Review additional school support programs
- Consider additional linkage and referral to appropriate community agencies
- Review implemented interventions to determine if adjustments to these can be developed/ refined
- In some instances, if a student has a physical or mental impairment which may substantially limit a major life event (e.g., learning), the student may be referred for consideration under Section 504. There should be a separate 504 eligibility team.

#### PARENT/GUARDIAN REFERRAL FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT

The SST is to be used as a forum for problem-solving, identification of concerns, and an opportunity for discussion and communication. The SST is not to be used to delay a special education referral. While the SST is not a legal requirement before a special education assessment, documentation of interventions in general education is.

Any time a referral to assess a student is proposed, an Assessment Plan (AP) will be developed and sent to the parent/ guardian for review within 15 calendar days of receipt of the referral. The parent/guardian shall have up to 15 calendar days from the receipt of the proposed AP to either grant or decline the proposed assessment. An AP will need to be presented to the parent/guardian in person, emailed, sent home with the student, and/or mailed to the student/parent/ guardian address on file. In some cases, the school may need to require a return receipt to provide documentation that the parent/guardian received the assessment plan. When the AP is presented to the parent/guardian for review, the following should be attached:

- 1. A copy of the Notice of Parental Rights and Procedural Safeguards
- 2. A Prior Written Notice (PWN)

Concurrently, parent/guardian could also be referred to the school psychologist or special education staff. The school psychologist or special education staff person:

- Can discuss the parent/guardian's concerns
- Ensure that the parent/guardian fully understands the referral process.
- Suggest less intrusive interventions to address the student's problems.
- If appropriate, assist the parent/guardian in submitting the assessment request in writing.
- Suggest involvement in the SST process if this has not already taken place.

If the parent/guardian agrees to the SST process, schedule an SST meeting within 15 calendar days of written request for assessment.

#### At the SST:

- Discuss the parent/guardian's concerns
- Review screening data gathered by site personnel
- Review the purpose of the special education referral
- Seek to determine the area of suspected disability

If information reviewed by the SST suggests that the student's needs can be met in the regular education program, with or without modifications, special education consideration is likely not warranted. If the parent/guardian agrees, interventions need to be documented on an action plan form and a monitoring/follow-up plan would be proposed. Documentation must indicate that parent/guardian agrees with the intervention plan and withdraws request for assessment. If appropriate, the SST can consider 504 eligibility which could result in a 504 plan.

If the school, through the SST process or the written request, does not agree that a special education assessment is necessary, written notice to the parent/guardian must be provided, stating the basis for the school refusal to conduct an assessment. This becomes a special education function.

To comply with federal regulations, the letter to the parent/guardian must include the following:

- Full explanation of all procedural safeguards
- Description of the action proposed or refused by the school; an explanation of such proposals or refusals
- Description of any options considered and reasons for rejection of options
- Description of each evaluation procedure, test, record, or report used as a basis for the proposal made or as basis for the refusal for assessment
- Description of other relevant factors for the proposal or refusal

The parent/guardian letter must be in the language or mode of communication used by the parent, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. The parent/guardian can elect to participate in a mediation or request due process.

If information reviewed by the SST suggests that the student's needs cannot be met in the general education program, with or without modifications, special education consideration is likely warranted. Follow referral for special education assessment procedures.

#### SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR ENGLISH LEARNERS

If a student's Home Language Survey indicates a language other than English as the home language, the SST must consider the needs of English Learners.

Unless the student has a severe disability, including but not limited to severe vision and hearing impairments, severe physical impairment, severe cognitive impairment, autism, or severe health impairment, the student should be allowed sufficient time to acquire English proficiency and receive appropriate academic instruction in reading and math. It is critical to differentiate between a student who is not achieving in the classroom because English is not his/her primary language and a pupil who is not achieving due to a disabling condition.

Schools are encouraged to utilize the Response To Instruction and Intervention (RTI2) process, as a multi-tiered approach to providing services and interventions to struggling learners, including students having language or speech difficulties, and/or students with challenging behaviors at increasing levels of intensity. The process should incorporate systems of intervention and supports that are provided to students in direct proportion to their individual needs. Through RTI2, students with and without disabilities, benefit from the design of a well-integrated system of instruction and intervention guided by the production, analysis and use of student outcome data.

RTI2 ensures that an eligibility decision for special education services is not based on a student's lack of access to scientific research-based instruction For students with behavioral concerns/needs, a system of positive behavioral and intervention supports (PBIS) is used to promote success.

#### HELPFUL SUGGESTIONS FOR EFFECTIVE SST MEETINGS

- Speak with the parent/guardian in advance to let them know what to expect at an SST meeting
- Have translators available as appropriate as well as written documents translated as needed
- Have a separate facilitator and note taker
- Begin with a positive remark and welcome all participants to the meeting
- Explain the purpose of the meeting
- Follow the structure of the SST Meeting Summary Form (included in the appendix) to facilitate a successful meeting
- Set a positive tone for the SST meeting by recognizing the student's strengths before listing concerns
- Reference specific samples of the student's work when explaining any strengths, weaknesses, or means of improvement
- Specific examples of student's behavior should also be used to explain his/her level of development, socialization, and personal adjustment
- Explain any evaluation process including formal and informal assessments

- Avoid using "education" or "mental health" jargon
- Encourage the use of person-first language
- Suggest, using concrete examples, to parents/guardians of how they may help/support their child at home
- Prioritize concerns and action items; it is better to focus on one problem in-depth than to give superficial treatment to many
- Let parents/guardians ask questions; they will likely have something specific to discuss with the team
- Have consent for services forms, release of information forms, and community referrals available at the meeting
- Set a date for a follow-up SST
- Make parents/guardians aware of availability of team members
- End the meeting with a summary of the action plan and a positive comment
- Thank parents/guardians for participating in the SST meeting
- Provide copies of completed SST meeting summary form to parents/guardians

#### SAMPLE SST INTERVENTIONS

- Alarm clock for parent/guardian/student
- Earlier bedtime
- Provide parent/guardian information re: simpler bus route
- Help parent/guardian to find better transportation to school
- Parent/guardian agrees to bring child to school daily
- Parent/guardian will make sure child gets on bus in morning
- Parent/guardian will wake up earlier to get child to school on-time
- Student will wake up earlier
- Wake-up call for parent/guardian and/or student

#### **Behavioral Strategies**

- Participation in after-school program
- Allow student to draw to calm down in class
- Allow student to walk around while reading
- Avoid helping too much (student can "learn helplessness")
- Build rapport with student (focus on strengths, interests); schedule regular time to talk
- Call home on a good day to enhance parent-staffstudent relationship
- Call home on a bad day for support
- Change antecedent event (event that occurs prior to target behavior)
- Chart/graph student behavior (assess/determine pattern of behavior)
- Clarify consequences with student and follow step consistently
- Class/counselor change recommended
- Classroom problem-solving sessions
- Collaboration with outside sources (e.g., therapist, tutor, after-school program)
- Allow time to play preferred game
- Connect family with cultural community center
- Daily check-in/check-out with student
- Develop behavioral contract

- Develop/alter classroom rules ("Development of Classroom Rules")
- Display exemplary student work (classroom, hallway, etc.)
- Give leadership responsibilities/important jobs
- Help parent/guardian set up home reward/management system
- Ignore negative behavior, if possible
- Immediately recognize positive behaviors
- Increased parent/guardian attention at home
- Move student's seat (preferential seating)
- Non-Verbal signals between teacher and student
- Offer student choices
- Pair student with older or younger student for structured academic activity, with emphasis on social skills
- Parent/guardian will call teacher weekly
- Positive reward system developed at school or home
- Provide student frequent breaks for relaxation or small talk
- Provide student time for physical activities/movement
- · Refer for other services
- Relaxation techniques
- Survey/interview student to determine interests

### **Health Strategies**

- Asthma class/group
- Collaborate with primary medical provider
- Hearing screening/exam
- Improve hygiene
- Make sure child wears glasses

- Dental exam/dental emergencies
- Fact Sheets on communicable diseases and school age illnesses
- Medication Administration
- Obtain glasses for student
- Vision screening/exam

#### **Instructional Strategies and Modifications**

- Academic contract
- Allow previewing of content, concepts and vocabulary
- Allow student to have sample or practice tests
- Ask parent/guardian to structure study time (give them information about long-term assignments)
- Collect homework daily instead of weekly
- Communicate with after-school program staff (e.g., re: homework help)
- Communicate with last year's teacher
- Complete documentation for a 504 plan
- Consider ELL/bilingual placement
- Consider retention
- Cue/maintain eye contact with student when giving directions
- Individual and/or small group instruction
- Family will go to library
- Give student immediate feedback (make sure assignments are started correctly)
- Give student options for presentation (written/oral or illustration/model)

- Help parents/guardians to learn reading strategies
- Homework checklist or folder
- Invite parent/guardian to literacy night at school
- Make sure student stays for after school program
- Manipulative and Visual Prompts
- Move students' seat (preferential seating)
- Parent/guardian will ask another family member to give student homework help
- Principal will check-in with student daily regarding class work
- Provide printed copy of board work/notes
- Provide study guides/questions
- Read aloud to parent/guardian at home
- Send home extra work
- Send home unfinished class work
- Student will teach/tutor/read to a peer or younger child
- Study carrel
- Supply student with samples of work expected

#### **COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

#### Who can refer a student to the SST?

School staff or parent/guardian can refer a student to the SST. The referring person must be in attendance at the SST meeting. If school personnel refer a student, the following should be asked to attend: Parent/guardian, general education teacher, administrator or designee and student, if appropriate.

#### Does the parent/guardian have to be invited to the SST?

YES. In some instances, the school teams prefer to meet informally to discuss referral concerns. The parent/guardian must, however, initially be contacted and advised that there are concerns and that the SST will meet.

#### Who contacts the parent/guardian?

The classroom teacher or referring person is the recommended parent/guardian contact. It is assumed that the teacher would have been in communication with the parent/guardian regarding his/her concerns before the SST referral is initiated.

#### How do I know if a referral is appropriate?

Any referral is "appropriate" if a parent/guardian, teacher, or student requires support. It is advantageous to refer a student at the earliest warning signs or concerns. A supportive team can help reduce frustration that builds when a teacher feels that he/she is not meeting a student's needs and/or when a parent/guardian feels his/her concerns are not being heard.

#### Why is it important to complete vision and hearing screenings?

Medical issues could significantly impact a student's learning and/or behavior. The school must review if the vision and hearing screenings are current. If the SST decides that a referral for assessment for special education eligibility is necessary after interventions have been systematically attempted, current vision and hearing screenings are required prior to additional assessments.

#### Why is a review of the cumulative folder necessary?

Understanding the child's complete educational history is imperative. Limited or poor school attendance or a multi-school history may indicate the concerns are not related to a specific disability but rather lack of exposure or opportunities.

#### Does the SST information get placed in the cumulative folder?

Yes. It is recommended that an SST folder be established and placed in the cumulative folder. This will allow other staff members and future schools to review what concerns have surfaced and how those concerns were addressed.

#### How long should the SST meeting last?

On average, the duration of an SST is usually 30 to 45 minutes. Sufficient ideas should be generated within that time frame. If brainstorming is not successful within that time, it is probable that the issue needs to be more clearly defined or more information needs to be obtained. (Refer to Page 6 of this manual for information to be addressed.)

#### How many times does the SST meet regarding a specific child?

Schools should conduct at least two SST meetings: The first to determine what interventions need to be put into place and the second to report back on the success of the interventions or suggest additional interventions.

#### What if the parent/guardian refuses to participate in the SST process?

Parents play an integral role in the SST process, and it is recommended that the school have in place processes that support meaningful parental participation. At minimum, parents must be kept informed of concerns and recommendations. Each school will have to determine how to handle non-participation in the SST process.

#### What if the SST doesn't solve the problem?

Due to the range of academic/behavior concerns that can be presented to the SST, not all student needs may be solved. What can result is the school providing transparency to parent/guardians in knowing that all that is currently reasonable and possible is being done to support their student.

#### Can a teacher refuse to implement strategies or interventions for a student?

No. A student has rights under several different entitlements in the law to an appropriate education. Interventions and strategies do not mean that a student cannot be held accountable for learning a core amount of information considered necessary for success in a class. Interventions and strategies do mean that a student can receive the information and/or demonstrate the competencies in alternative modes of instruction and/or assessment.

#### When does the SST refer for special education assessment?

When there is enough data to provide information to the following questions: When is the student able to access general education? What supports and interventions are successful? When is the child not able to access general education? What supports and interventions have been tried? What additional information is needed to help this child succeed? What will be available in special education that is not available in the general education setting? If the SST team feels that a referral to special education or 504 is imminent, then either special education or 504 personnel should be involved in the SST before a referral for assessment is made.

#### Does a student with ADD/ADHD automatically qualify for special education?

No. ADD/ADHD is NOT a special education eligibility area. The SST might refer to the Special Education or 504 team for eligibility review.

## What do we do if a parent/guardian requests an assessment for special education? Does this bypass the SST process?

Not necessarily. The SST is to be used as a forum for problem-solving, identification of concerns, and an opportunity for discussion and communication. However, the SST is not to be used to delay a special education referral. While the SST is not a legal requirement before a special education assessment, documentation of interventions in general education is.

#### What is 504 and how is it connected to the SST process?

504 is a section of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that ensures individuals with disabilities have equal access and opportunities and may not be discriminated against on the basis of their disability. If interventions in the general education environment prove to be insufficient, the SST team may decide to refer the student to the 504 team, to determine if the student may be eligible for services under 504. If the SST refers a student for special education assessment, and the student does not qualify; (a discrepancy plus a processing problem) a student's 504 eligibility may be considered. Students may be referred for 504 eligibility without going through the SST process.

The school shall ensure they have developed a 504 team to:

- Organize and carry out the process of referrals
- Meet to determine eligibility
- Develop and implement a 504 plan
- And at minimum review student 504 plans annual



# **APPENDIX A:**

SST REFERRAL FORM

# Type School/District Name Here Student Study Team (SST) Request Form

### I. Basic Information

			St	udent D	Demogr	aphic Info				
Nar							Grade:			
	der: □Male □Fem							f Birth:		
Ref	erring person: □Sta	ff re	eferral: $\square$ Parent,	/Guardi	an refe	rral	Name (	of teacher/pa	rent/guardian:	
Is th	ne student currently	' ide	ntified as: ☐Fos	ter You	ith □H	omeless				
Hor	ne Language:									
					Englis	h Learners	Only			
Plea	ise select EL Typolo	gy:								
	Native U.Sborn E	LS		ELs wh	io are U	I.S. born cit	tizens			
	Foreign-born ELs			ELs wh	o were	born outs	ide of t	the U.S.		
	Newcomer ELs							for 1 or 2 year		
	Highly schooled No	ewc	omer ELs	ELs wh				for 1 to 2 year		
					attain	ed a high-d	quality	education in t	their primary language	
Pro	ficiency in English (E	LPA	C)	Date:						
II. S	Student Strengths									
List	student strengths h	ere	•							
III.	Describe target ar	ea (	of concern: (Be	object	ive and	d descripti	ive)			
Wh	at changes would yo	ou li	ke to see in the s	student	's beha	vior or per	forma	nce? (Be as sp	ecific as you can.)	
	,					•			•	
•										
IV.	Attendance and B	eha	avior							
Att	endance									
	s Enrolled					Days Pres	sent			
Exc	ised Absences					Unexcuse	ed Abse	ences		
Tard	lies					SARB case	е		□Yes □ No	
Beh	avior Regularly Dis	play	ed (select all tha	at apply	<i>ı</i> ):					
	Aggression		Crying		Fearfu	Iness		Insecurity	☐ Stealing	
	Anxiety		Defiance			anguage		Lying	☐ Tries Hard	
	Apathy		Dependability		Frustr			Moodiness	☐ Withdrawal	
	Cheerfulness		Explosiveness			activity		Nail Biting	☐ Other:	
	Cooperation		Facial Tics		Indiffe	rence		Showing Off	□ Other:	

### V. Academic Data

Assessment Data	Data Point	Date	Data Point	Date
Math				
Reading				
ELA Benchmark				
Math Benchmark				
Science Benchmark				
Social Studies Benchmark				
CAASPP ELA				
CAASPP Math				
Behavior or Work Contract				
Other				

### VI. Current/Past Interventions

Environment		Teaching Techniques			
Intervention	Outcome	Intervention	Outcome		
☐ Clarify Rules		☐ Adjust preverbal (tone, volume, cadence)			
☐ Change Seating		☐ Use of physical prompts/			
☐ Reduce Distractions		☐ Reduce stimulation			
☐ Change Class Activities		☐ Teacher circulates around the room			
☐ Change Groups		☐ Repeat instructions			
☐ Increased physical space		☐ Designative activities			
☐ Special quiet/time-out area		☐ Use of visual aides			
☐ Modify schedule		☐ Use of non-verbal cues			
☐ Add structure		☐ Contingency management program			
		(contracts/rewards/consequences)			

Instruction Program	n	Materials			
Intervention Outcome		Intervention	Outcome		
☐ Cooperative learning		☐ Use of varied materials			
☐ Individualized instruction		□ Computer/tablets			
☐ Teacher Conferring model (1:1)		☐ Music/Tapes			
☐ Small Group		☐ Books/stories			
☐ Before/afterschool tutoring		☐ Manipulatives			

Activities		Miscellaneous			
Intervention	Outcome	Intervention	Outcome		
☐ Simplify		☐ Review cum folders			
☐ Shorten		☐ Collaborated with colleagues			
☐ Individual Contracts		☐ Collaborated with former teachers			
□ Peer support system		☐ Parent conference			
□ Notebooks for assignments		☐ Referral to counselor			
☐ Alternative assignments		☐ Referral to office			
☐ Use of recording device		☐ Behavior contract			
☐ Use of recording device		□ Other:			

### VII. Communication

Complete Parent/Guardian Contact Information before Referral to SST				
Name of Parent/Guardian Contacted:				
Date of contact:				
Parent/Guardian Response/Ideas Generated with Parent:				
Teacher Signature	Date:			

## **APPENDIX B:**

SST PARENT/GUARDIAN INVITE

School Name	
Student Study Team Meeting	
Today's Date:	
Student's Name:	
DOB:	
Dear Parent/Guardian Name,	
The Student Study Team (SST) is comprised of school staf We invite you to join us, as a vital member of the Student how we can best serve your child's educational needs. Yo your child's educational progress. Please take a moment bottom portion of this form to the school office.	t Study Team. This team will be meeting soon to identify our presence at this meeting is important and will benefit
Thank you,	
The Student Study Team meeting will be held on:	
Date	
Time:	
Location:	
If this appointment is not convenient, please contact	atto reschedule.
Please complete and promptly return this portion to the sch	nool office
Student Name:	Teacher:
Parent/Guardian Name:	
Mobile number:	Email:
Please check one:	
☐ Yes, I will attend the SST meeting	
□ No. I cannot attend the SST meeting	

 $\ \square$  Please contact me to reschedule the SST meeting.

# **APPENDIX C:**

SST TEACHER INPUT FORM

# Type School/District Name Here Student Study Team (SST) - Teacher Input Request

Dear Teacher,

		3000033. T N	Jase	- complete an	d return th	is form b	y		
Student Name:				Grade:					
Date:				Time:					
Location:									
Teacher Information									
Name:									
Subject(s) Taught				Date Comple	ated.				
Student's current aca	demic grad	<u>مار</u>		Student's cu		enchin grad	10		
Student Attendance:		dies:		Absences:	TTCTTC CTCT2C	znamp grac			
I. Student Strengths	s Scale (P	lease X all)							
J					Always	Usually	Sometimes	Rarely	Unsure
1. Makes and effort									
2. Works well with o	thers								
3. Demonstrates aca	demic impr	ovement							
4. Works independer									
5. Timely to class	•								
6. Turns in assignme	nts								
7. Involved in acader	nic discour	se							
8. Follows class rules									
9. Displays respect to	wards tead	chers							
10. Ask teacher for h									
11. Willing to help ot	:hers								
12. Avoids talking ex		out of turn							
13. Positive peer rela									
14. Comes to class pi	repared wit	h school mate	rials						
15. Other:									
II. Behavior regular	ly displaye	ed							
Behavior Regularly [	Displayed (s	select all that	apply	<b>y</b> ):					
☐ Aggression	☐ Cryir			Fearfulness		Insecurity		Stealing	
☐ Anxiety	☐ Defia			Foul Language		Lying		Tries Hard	
☐ Apathy		endability		Frustration		Moodines		Withdraw	al
☐ Cheerfulness☐ Cooperation	•	osiveness al Tics		Hyperactivity Indifference		Nail Biting Showing O		Other: Other:	
	□ Facio	ii iics	ш	mumerence	<u>U</u>	SHOWING C	/II	Other.	
III. Academic Data									
Assessment Data		Data Point		Date		Data Poi	nt C	ate	
Math									
Reading ELA Benchmark						-			
Math Benchmark		1							
Science Benchmark									
		1							
Social Studies Benchma	ark								
Social Studies Benchma CAASPP ELA	ark								
Social Studies Benchma									

### IV. Current/Past Interventions

### Please select all applied interventions

Environment		Teaching Techniques			
Intervention	Outcome	Intervention	Outcome		
☐ Clarify Rules		☐ Adjust preverbal (tone, volume, cadence)			
☐ Change Seating		☐ Use of physical prompts/			
☐ Reduce Distractions		☐ Reduce stimulation			
☐ Change Class Activities		☐ Teacher circulates around the room			
☐ Change Groups		☐ Repeat instructions			
☐ Increased physical space		☐ Designative activities			
☐ Special quiet/time-out area		☐ Use of visual aides			
☐ Modify schedule		☐ Use of non-verbal cues			
☐ Add structure		☐ Contingency management program			
		(contracts/rewards/consequences)			
	1	, , , ,	•		
Instruction Program		Materials			
Intervention	Outcome	Intervention	Outcome		
☐ Cooperative learning		☐ Use of varied materials			
☐ Individualized instruction		☐ Computer/tablets			
☐ Teacher Conferring model (1:1)		☐ Music/Tapes			
☐ Small Group		☐ Books/stories			
☐ Before/afterschool tutoring		☐ Manipulatives			
			<u>'</u>		
Activities		Miscellaneous			
Intervention	Outcome	Intervention	Outcome		
☐ Simplify		☐ Review cum folders			
☐ Shorten		☐ Collaborated with colleagues			
☐ Individual Contracts		☐ Collaborated with former teachers			
☐ Peer support system		☐ Parent conference			
☐ Notebooks for assignments		☐ Referral to counselor			
☐ Alternative assignments		☐ Referral to office			
□ llee ef ce e cello e decise					
☐ Use of recording device		☐ Behavior contract			
Use of recording device		☐ Behavior contract ☐ Other:			
V. Additional Comments					
V. Additional Comments		□ Other:			
	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			
V. Additional Comments	mments to help o	□ Other:			

# **APPENDIX D:**

SST MEETING SUMMARY

# **School/District Name**Student Study Team Meeting Summary

Today's Date	Student Name	Grade	Teacher	Age	Birthdate	Gender
,						
Primary Language:	_		Previous SST's/Reviews:			
rograms:	Foster Youth Homeless	EL	Other:			
Strengths: Include str	engths and interests at school (ac	cademic, social, leari	ning style) and at home (fami	ily support, co	mmunity, and inter	ests):
				, , , ,	,,	,
Areas of Concern Inc						
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
Fext	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	d home concerns			
Fext	ude academic, behavior, emotio	nal, health, social an	id home concerns		Assessment Data (N	Nost Current)
Cext  Student History  Health		Complications, pleas		,	Assessment Data (N SBAC – ELA:	Most Current)
C. Student History  Health						Nost Current)
Ext  Student History  Health  Vas Pregnancy & birth ty	pical: Yes No If	Complications, pleas	se describe:		SBAC – ELA:	Most Current)
Text  Student History  Health  Vas Pregnancy & birth ty  evelopmental milestone	pical: Yes No If	Complications, pleas	se describe:		SBAC – ELA: SBAC – Math:	Nost Current)
Student History Health Vas Pregnancy & birth ty evelopmental milestone ealth concerns:	pical: Yes No If western No If	Complications, pleas king	se describe:		SBAC – ELA: SBAC – Math: BMK – ELA:	Most Current)
7. Student History Health Vas Pregnancy & birth ty	pical: Yes No If es met: Walking Tal Hearing Vision De	Complications, pleas	se describe:		SBAC – ELA:  SBAC – Math:  BMK – ELA:  BMK – Math:	Nost Current)

Meeting Summary:

This document is confidential and may not be shared with third parties without written parental consent unless the disclosure meets one of the exceptions to FERPA's general consent requirement. (See 34 CFR §§ 99 et seq.)

Family & Home						Math:	
Family members (in or out of the h	amal:					CELDT:	
railing members (in or out or the n	offie).					# of Absences:	
						# of Tardies	
						Behavior:	
History of schools attended (includ							
English Language Learner?	Yes No Ye	ars Speakin	g English:				
Other:							
V. Prior Interventions						J	
Intervention		Time I	Frame	Goa	n <b>l</b>	Outcome	
1.		From	to				
2.		From	to				
3.		From	to				
4.		From	to				
5.		From	to				
VI. Action Plan							
Intervention/Accommodation	(	Start Date	Person Responsib	اما	Expected Outcome	Review Date	New Action?
1.		otal C Date	1 CISON NESPONSIB		Expedica Galconic	neview bate	Yes No
2.							Yes No
3.							Yes No
4.							Yes No
5.							Yes No
VII. Follow-up Date (schedule within 4-8 weeks):							
VIII. Team Members							
VIII. Team Members Title	Name				Signature		
	Name				Signature		
Title	Name				Signature		
Title 1. Parent/Guardian	Name				Signature		
1. Parent/Guardian 2. Student (if applicable)	Name				Signature		

Meeting Summary:
This document is confidential and may not be shared with third parties without written parental consent unless the disclosure meets one of the exceptions to FERPA's general consent requirement. (See 34 CFR §§ 99 et seq.)

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## **APPENDIX E:**

SST PARENT/GUARDIAN FEEDBACK

# School/District Name SST Parent/Guardian Survey

Dear Parent/Guardian,

We thank you for joining us for today's Student Study Team (SST) meeting. In an ongoing effort to ensure that this process is meaningful to our parent/guardian participants, please take a few minutes to complete the survey below, and return it to Name in Location (i.e.: front office) on your way out of the school today.

To	oday's Date:/					
Yo	our Name:	Phone Number:				
Yo	our Child's Name:	Grade:				
1.	How were you notified of this meeting?  Letter/Invitation Phone Call Email	Other:				
2.	Was the <b>purpose</b> of the SST meeting communicated clearly at to Yes No	the beginning of the meeting?				
3.	Were introductions made at the beginning of the meeting?  Yes No					
4.	In discussing your child, did the team start by detailing his/her <b>strengths</b> ?  Yes No					
5.	Did you feel that your input was valued throughout the meetin Yes No	g?				
6.	Were the next steps/interventions in helping your student clea	rly described?				
7.	Please provide any additional comments or questions, and a m to you:	<del>-</del>				









