

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY
SCHOOL DISTRICT**
COUNTY OF SAN MATEO
MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2025



Chavan & Associates, LLP
Certified Public Accountants
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Morgan Hill, CA 95037

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SAN MATEO COUNTY**

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SAN MATEO COUNTY**

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**FINANCIAL
SECTION**



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education
Las Lomas Elementary School District
Menlo Park, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Las Lomas Elementary School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2025 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

District management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAGAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAGAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (GAAP) - General Fund, schedule of CalPERS pension plan contributions, schedule of CalPERS proportionate share of net pension liabilities, schedule of STRS pension plan contributions, schedule of STRS proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management,



and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*; schedule of average daily attendance, schedule of instructional time, schedule of financial trends and analysis, schedule of charter schools, and the reconciliation of the Annual Financial and Budget report to the audited financial statements, as required by the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial report. The other information includes the organization schedule, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

C & A LLP

December 12, 2025
Morgan Hill, California

Management's Discussion and Analysis

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

This discussion and analysis of the Las Lomitas Elementary School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2024-25 are as follows:

- Total net position from governmental activities decreased by \$837,057 during the year.
- General revenue accounted for \$43,486,087 of the district's \$47,192,727 in total revenue.
- The District's total assets decreased by \$8,481,845, or 4.52%, from June 30, 2024. Total liabilities decreased by \$6,132,055 or 3.92%, from June 30, 2024.
- The District had \$50,534,243 in expenditures for all governmental funds, excluding other financing uses.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$39,835,004 in revenues and \$42,185,457 in expenditures, exclusive of interfund transfers. The fund balance in the General Fund decreased by \$2,460,955 from June 30, 2024 to June 30, 2025.

Using the Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Las Lomitas Elementary School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities comprise the District-wide financial statements and provide information about the activities of the District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Las Lomitas Elementary School District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The full annual financial report is a product of three separate parts: the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and this section, Management's Discussion and Analysis. The three

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

sections together provide a comprehensive financial overview of the District. The basic financials are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, district-wide and funds.

- District-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements, focus on reporting the District's operations in more detail. These fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
- Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information section provides further explanations and additional support for the financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements - Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the fiscal year 2024 - 2025?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting practices used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and change in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in California restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, and pupil transportation. The District does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins with the balance sheet. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. These fund financial statements focus on each of the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2025.

Table 1 - Summary of Statement of Net Position				
	2025	2024	Change	Percentage Change
Assets				
Current & Other Assets	\$ 45,005,713	\$ 50,317,208	\$ (5,311,495)	-10.56%
Capital Assets	134,194,617	137,364,967	(3,170,350)	-2.31%
Total Assets	\$ 179,200,330	\$ 187,682,175	\$ (8,481,845)	-4.52%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 11,289,254	\$ 10,676,713	\$ 612,541	5.43%
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	\$ 3,864,986	\$ 4,075,304	\$ (210,318)	-5.16%
Long-term Liabilities	146,528,361	152,444,670	(5,916,309)	-3.88%
Total Liabilities	\$ 150,393,347	\$ 156,519,974	\$ (6,126,627)	-3.91%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 13,657,178	\$ 14,562,798	\$ (905,620)	-6.63%
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 23,251,845	\$ 15,181,311	\$ 8,070,534	53.16%
Restricted	9,843,630	10,427,956	(584,326)	-5.60%
Unrestricted	(6,656,416)	1,666,849	(8,323,265)	-499.34%
Total Net Position	\$ 26,439,059	\$ 27,276,116	\$ (837,057)	-3.07%

The District's net position was \$26,439,059. Of this amount \$23,251,845 was invested in capital assets net of related debt.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2024-25.

Table 2 - Summary of Changes in Statement of Activities				
	2025	2024	Change	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Program revenues	\$ 3,706,640	\$ 7,320,193	\$ (3,613,553)	-49.36%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	36,624,934	35,595,057	1,029,877	2.89%
Grants and entitlements - unrestricted	1,890,333	1,791,055	99,278	5.54%
Other	4,970,820	4,856,163	114,657	2.36%
Total Revenues	47,192,727	49,562,468	(2,369,741)	-4.78%
Program Expenses				
Instruction	27,658,478	25,764,776	1,893,702	7.35%
Instruction-related services	3,438,309	3,336,596	101,713	3.05%
Pupil services	4,187,833	3,757,727	430,106	11.45%
General administration	4,020,778	4,145,083	(124,305)	-3.00%
Plant services	4,707,284	3,820,513	886,771	23.21%
Ancillary services	196,522	26,261	170,261	648.34%
Other outgo	275,428	376,393	(100,965)	-26.82%
Interest on long-term debt	3,545,152	4,706,792	(1,161,640)	-24.68%
Total Expenses	48,029,784	45,934,141	2,095,643	4.56%
Change in Net Position	(837,057)	3,628,327	(4,465,384)	-123.07%
Begininng Net Position	27,276,116	23,647,789	3,628,327	15.34%
Ending Net Position	\$ 26,439,059	\$ 27,276,116	\$ (837,057)	-3.07%

The District's total revenues decreased by 4.78% from 2023-24 to 2024-25. Local property taxes increased by 2.89% over the prior year. These local taxes are a combination of incremental increases in residential property taxes, restricted to service the debt on the District's Measure S and Measure R general obligation bonds, and regular residential property taxes. Interest expense has decreased in relation to the bonds and the amortization of premiums. Other program expenses have increased as new buildings are placed in service and depreciated.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Governmental Activities

Direct Instruction Costs comprise 64.74% of district expenses. The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by General Fund Revenues.

Table 3 - Net Cost of Services					
	2025	2024	Change	Percentage Change	
Instruction	\$ 25,412,696	\$ 19,866,205	\$ 5,546,491	27.92%	
Instruction-related services	3,431,652	3,332,780	98,872	2.97%	
Pupil services	3,717,517	3,297,362	420,155	12.74%	
General administration	4,020,146	4,144,762	(124,616)	-3.01%	
Plant services	4,635,792	3,260,033	1,375,759	42.20%	
Ancillary services	195,212	23,959	171,253	714.78%	
Other outgo	(635,023)	(17,945)	(617,078)	-3438.72%	
Interest on long-term debt	3,545,152	4,706,792	(1,161,640)	-24.68%	
Total Net Cost of Services	\$ 44,323,144	\$ 38,613,948	\$ 5,709,196	14.79%	

Instruction expenditures include activities directly dealing with the teaching of pupils.

Instruction-related Services include the activities involved with assisting staff with the content and process of educating students.

Pupil Services include guidance and counseling, psychological, health, speech and testing services, transporting students, as well as preparing, delivering, and serving meals to students.

General Administration includes the costs for the Board of Trustees, administration, fiscal and business services and other expenses associated with administrative and financial supervision of the District.

Plant Services includes the operation and maintenance of plant activities to keep the school grounds, buildings, and equipment in an effective working condition.

Ancillary Services represent the expenditures associated with co-curricular and athletic programs for students of the District.

Other Outgo includes payment to the County Office of Education and other school districts for providing services for Special Education students.

Interest on Long-term Debt involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the District.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds report a combined fund balance of \$33,579,957, which is a decrease from last year's total of \$36,921,473. Table 4 provides an analysis of the District's fund balances and the total change in fund balances from the prior year.

Table 4 - Summary of Fund Balances				
	2025	2024	Change	Percentage Change
General Fund	\$ 21,222,615	\$ 23,683,570	\$ (2,460,955)	-10.4%
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	5,441,270	6,360,289	(919,019)	-14.4%
Deferred Maintenance Fund	2,452,624	2,495,399	(42,775)	-1.7%
Capital Facilities Fund	614,958	528,634	86,324	16.3%
County School Facilities Fund	3,589,502	3,452,499	137,003	4.0%
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	258,989	401,082	(142,093)	-35.4%
Total Fund Balances	\$ 33,579,958	\$ 36,921,473	\$ (3,341,515)	-9.1%

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District's budget is prepared according to California law and in the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the course of the 2024-25 fiscal year, the District revised its General Fund budget twice, at 1st Interim and 2nd interim, which resulted in an increase in budgeted expenditures of \$5,389,123 from the original to final budget. The General Fund budget basis revenue increased by \$1,192,157 from original to final budgets.

Capital Assets

Table 5 summarizes the District's capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization.

Table 5 - Summary of Capital Assets Net of Depreciation and Amortization				
	2025 Net Capital Asset	2024 Net Capital Asset	Change	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 3,502,038	\$ 3,502,038	\$ -	0.00%
Buildings and Improvements	129,435,194	132,339,432	(2,904,238)	-2.19%
Site Improvements	415,667	530,947	(115,280)	-21.71%
Property and Equipment	785,696	880,507	(94,811)	-12%
Right of Use Assets	56,022	112,043	(56,021)	-100%
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 134,194,617	\$ 137,364,967	\$ (3,170,350)	-2.31%

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 6 summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities:

Table 6 - Summary of Long-term Liabilities				
	2025	2024	Change	Percentage Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 110,835,000	\$ 113,960,000	\$ (3,125,000)	-2.74%
Unamortized Bond Premiums	7,464,450	8,059,626	(595,176)	-7.38%
Lease Liabilities	107,772	164,030	(56,258)	-52.20%
Net Pension Liabilities	26,647,413	28,397,509	(1,750,096)	-6.16%
Net OPEB Liability	1,169,658	1,584,534	(414,876)	-26.18%
Compensated Absences	304,068	278,971	25,097	9.00%
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 146,528,361	\$ 152,444,670	\$ (5,916,309)	-3.88%

In November of 2013, the voters of the District approved a new bond measure for the District to repair and improve aging schools by issuing \$60,000,000 in bonds at legal rates, with citizens' oversight, and no money for administrators. The District will build classrooms for increased student enrollment, update or replace aging classrooms to meet current health and safety codes, renovate heating and electrical systems to save on energy costs, support 21st century instructional technology, and acquire, repair, or construct sites, facilities and equipment. In fiscal year 2016, the District issued \$30,000,000 from the approved bond measure and refunded all outstanding bonds for a total issuance of \$41,495,000. In fiscal year 2018 the District issued \$30,000,000 from the approved bond measure for a total issuance of \$71,495,000.

In the Election of 2018, the voters of the District approved a new bond measure for the District to repair and improve aging schools by issuing \$70,000,000 in bonds at legal rates, with citizens' oversight, and no money for administrators. The District will build classrooms for increased student enrollment, update or replace aging classrooms to meet current health and safety codes, renovate heating and electrical systems to save on energy costs, support 21st century instructional technology, and acquire, repair, or construct sites, facilities and equipment. In September 2018, the District issued \$30,000,000 from the approved bond measure. In fiscal year 2021 the District issued \$40,000,000 from the approved bond measure.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District's 2025-26 budget and multi-year projections include projected movement on the salary schedules for units earned and years of service. Staff completed bargaining with labor groups for 2025-26 in 2024-25. Bargaining for 2026-27 and beyond will begin in the Fall of 2025. Certificated staffing remained static in the multi-year projections as a result of attrition, to maintain instructional program needs, and as a result of projected slight decline to student enrollment.

Enrollment saw a slight increase in 2022-23 due to implementation of Transitional Kindergarten. The District has been studying enrollment patterns and is budgeting for continued flat or slight declines in enrollment offsetting additional enrollment from the Transitional Kindergarten program. Costs for Special Education services continue to increase, and the District is constantly differentiating programs to better serve all of its students and to provide improved services to targeted students within the District while leveraging any additional funding in this area.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Las Lomas Elementary School District will remain a Community Funded district. This means the District will continue to rely on local property taxes as the largest single source of revenue. Increases to revenue will primarily be determined by taxes assessed on local property valuations and the stability of this revenue will vary with the local economy. The District's property tax income for 2025-26 is projected to be 5.58% more than prior year. In subsequent years property tax revenues are projected to increase by 4.50% thereafter due to the slowing of the housing market.

Like many other school districts around the country, the District received one-time Federal and State pandemic relief funds throughout the years to support learning loss recovery, remote learning systems and equipment, and COVID-19 testing access to staff and families, which have all been spent down. In 2024-25, the State announced funding of a large discretionary one-time block grant for Student Support and Professional Development, which the District plans on expending in the next few years. Ongoing sources of State Revenue are limited to Lottery funding, the Mandated Cost Block Grant, the STRS On Behalf Contribution, transportation reimbursement, and Proposition 28 Art/Music in Schools. The Las Lomas Education Foundation grant to the District is budgeted for \$500,000 and sources indicate the Foundation will meet this base amount. Parcel tax revenue is expected to remain constant as the number of seniors eligible for exemption has stabilized since approving the tax in 2007. Rental income for one of the District's tenants was renegotiated to increase by \$232,000. The remaining two lease agreements adjusted annually according to their individual agreements.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact Mei Chan, Chief Business Officer, Las Lomas Elementary School District, 1011 Altschul Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025.

Basic Financial Statements

LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

Assets	Governmental
Current assets:	Activities
Cash and investments	\$ 29,997,611
Accounts receivable	1,312,544
Total current assets	<u>31,317,365</u>
Noncurrent assets:	
Leases receivable	13,688,348
Capital assets - net	134,194,617
Total noncurrent assets	<u>147,882,965</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 179,200,330</u></u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB adjustments	\$ 781,528
Pension adjustments	10,507,726
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$ 11,289,254</u></u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,540,837
Unearned revenue	244,149
Accrued interest	2,080,000
Total current liabilities	<u>3,864,986</u>
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
General obligation bonds payable	2,520,000
Lease liabilities	58,026
Total due within one year	<u>2,578,026</u>
Due after one year:	
General obligation bonds payable	108,315,000
Unamortized bond premium	7,464,450
Lease liabilities	49,746
Net pension liability	26,647,413
Net OPEB liability	1,169,658
Compensated absences payable	304,068
Total due after one year	<u>143,950,335</u>
Total long-term liabilities	<u>146,528,361</u>
Total Liabilities	<u><u>\$ 150,393,347</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Leases receivable	\$ 9,640,769
OPEB adjustments	24,551
Pension adjustments	3,991,858
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u><u>\$ 13,657,178</u></u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,251,845
Restricted for:	
Debt service	5,441,270
Educational programs	3,649,076
Site repairs	753,284
Total restricted net position	<u>9,843,630</u>
Unrestricted	<u>(6,656,416)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 26,439,059</u></u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
			Operating	Revenue and
	Expenses	Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
		Services	Contributions	Net Position
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 27,658,478	\$ 476	\$ 2,245,306	\$ (25,412,696)
Instruction-related services:				
Supervision of instruction	891,318	6	959	(890,353)
Instruction library, media and technology	634,654	435	917	(633,302)
School site administration	1,912,337	325	4,015	(1,907,997)
Pupil services:				
Home-to-school transportation	1,534,072	4,208	8,875	(1,520,989)
Food services	463,046	-	365,924	(97,122)
All other pupil services	2,190,715	12,404	78,905	(2,099,406)
General administration:				
Data processing	1,055,087	-	-	(1,055,087)
All other general administration	2,965,691	-	632	(2,965,059)
Plant services	4,707,284	22,995	48,497	(4,635,792)
Ancillary Services	196,522	-	1,310	(195,212)
Other outgo	275,428	292,840	617,611	635,023
Interest on long-term debt	3,545,152	-	-	(3,545,152)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 48,029,784</u>	<u>\$ 333,689</u>	<u>\$ 3,372,951</u>	<u>(44,323,144)</u>
General revenues:				
Taxes and subventions:				
Taxes levied for general purposes				29,129,375
Taxes levied for debt service				6,292,869
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				1,202,690
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes				1,890,333
Interest and investment earnings				855,824
Rental income				2,013,878
Miscellaneous				2,101,118
Total general revenues				<u>43,486,087</u>
Change in net position				(837,057)
Net position beginning				<u>27,276,116</u>
Net position ending				<u>\$ 26,439,059</u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025**

	General Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 17,700,087	\$ 5,394,298	\$ 6,903,226	\$ 29,997,611
Accounts receivable	1,126,000	46,972	139,572	1,312,544
Due from other funds	200,148	-	118,165	318,313
Other Current Assets	7,210	-	-	7,210
Leases receivable	13,688,348	-	-	13,688,348
Total Assets	\$ 32,721,793	\$ 5,441,270	\$ 7,160,963	\$ 45,324,026
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,496,095	\$ -	\$ 44,742	\$ 1,540,837
Due to other funds	118,165	-	200,148	318,313
Unearned revenue	244,149	-	-	244,149
Total Liabilities	1,858,409	-	244,890	2,103,299
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Leases	9,640,769	-	-	9,640,769
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Revolving fund	1,000	-	-	1,000
Leases receivable net deferred inflows	4,284,837	-	-	4,284,837
Prepaid expenses	7,210	-	-	7,210
Restricted for:				
Educational programs	3,649,076	-	-	3,649,076
Site repairs	-	-	753,284	753,284
Debt service	-	5,441,270	-	5,441,270
Committed for:				
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	2,452,624	2,452,624
Assigned for:				
Board Policy 17% Reserve	7,183,574	-	-	7,183,574
Capital projects	-	-	3,710,165	3,710,165
Unassigned:				
Economic uncertainties	1,265,456	-	-	1,265,456
Unappropriated	4,831,462	-	-	4,831,462
Total Fund Balances	21,222,615	5,441,270	6,916,073	33,579,958
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 32,721,793	\$ 5,441,270	\$ 7,160,963	\$ 45,324,026

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025**

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	33,579,958
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Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets		174,244,302
Accumulated depreciation		(40,049,685)

Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(2,080,000)
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The differences between projected and actual amounts in pension and OPEB plans are not included in the plans actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the statement of net position as follows:

OPEB adjustments:

Difference between actual and expected experience		(24,551)
Difference between actual and expected earnings		164,683
Change in assumptions		166,389
Contribution subsequent to measurement date		450,456

Pension adjustments:

Difference between actual and expected experience		1,925,692
Difference between actual and expected earnings		343,923
Change in assumptions		(797,609)
Differences in proportionate share of contributions		(301,873)
Changes in employer's proportionate shares		193,711
Contribution subsequent to measurement date		5,152,024

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consists of:

General obligation bonds	\$	110,835,000	
Net pension liabilities		26,647,413	
Unamortized bond premium		7,464,450	
Lease liabilities		107,772	
Net OPEB Liability		1,169,658	
Compensated absences (vacation)		304,068	
		(146,528,361)	

Total net position - governmental activities	\$	26,439,059
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The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
LCFF sources	\$ 30,207,087	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,207,087
Federal	397,886	-	56,140	454,026
Other state	2,716,699	7,437	309,784	3,033,920
Other local	6,513,332	6,384,582	599,780	13,497,694
Total revenues	39,835,004	6,392,019	965,704	47,192,727
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	26,586,046	-	-	26,586,046
Instruction-related services:				
Supervision of instruction	866,574	-	-	866,574
Instruction library, media and technology	471,260	-	-	471,260
School site administration	1,914,100	-	-	1,914,100
Pupil services:				
Home-to-school transportation	1,498,690	-	-	1,498,690
Food services	7,873	-	476,426	484,299
All other pupil services	2,264,145	-	-	2,264,145
General administration:				
Data processing	1,103,515	-	-	1,103,515
All other general administration	3,059,930	-	-	3,059,930
Plant services	4,051,917	-	390,231	4,442,148
Ancillary Services	25,432	-	171,090	196,522
Other outgo	275,428	-	-	275,428
Debt service:				
Principal	56,257	3,125,000	-	3,181,257
Interest and fees	4,290	4,186,038	-	4,190,328
Total expenditures	42,185,457	7,311,038	1,037,747	50,534,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,350,453)	(919,019)	(72,043)	(3,341,515)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	110,502	110,502
Operating transfers out	(110,502)	-	-	(110,502)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(110,502)	-	110,502	-
Net change in fund balances	(2,460,955)	(919,019)	38,459	(3,341,515)
Fund balances beginning	23,683,570	6,360,289	6,877,614	36,921,473
Fund balances ending	\$ 21,222,615	\$ 5,441,270	\$ 6,916,073	\$ 33,579,958

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (3,341,515)
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Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Additions	40,995
Depreciation	(3,211,345)

The governmental funds report bond proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:

Lease payments	56,257
Repayment of bond principal	3,125,000

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an other financing source or other financing use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt:

595,176

In governmental funds, actual contributions to pension plans are reported as expenditures in the year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year pension expense as noted in the plans' valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

1,700,043

In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for those items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This year vacation time earned was greater than the amount used by:

(25,097)

In governmental funds, actual contributions to pension and OPEB plans are reported as expenditures in the year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year pension OPEB expense as noted in the plan's valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

173,429

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

50,000

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ (837,057)

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Accounting Principles

The Las Lomitas Elementary School District (the “District”) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education’s *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

B. Reporting Entity

The District was organized under the laws of the State of California. The governing authority consists of five elected officials who, together, constitute the Board of Trustees. The District provides educational services to grades kindergarten through eighth and operates one elementary school and one middle school. The District’s combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations.

Component Units:

The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization in a governmental unit’s reporting entity for financial reports is the ability of the governmental unit’s elected officials to exercise oversight responsibility over such agencies. Oversight responsibility implies that one governmental unit is dependent on another and that the dependent unit should be reported as part of the other. Oversight responsibility is derived from the governmental unit’s power and includes, but is not limited to:

- Financial interdependency
- Selection of governing authority
- Designation of management
- Ability to significantly influence operations
- Accountability for fiscal matters

Accordingly, for the year ended June 30, 2025, the District does not have any component units and is not a component unit of any other reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of Net Position and the statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include the reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. To achieve comparability of reporting among California districts, and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns with specific respect to reimbursement grants and correction to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for district as collectible within one year. To achieve comparability of reporting among California districts, and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns with specific respect to reimbursement grants and correction to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for district as collectible within one year.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value *without* directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding which is reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shortened life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources related to the recognition of the net pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the District's benefit plans liability reported which is in the Statement of Net Position.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets (such as cash) are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements (such as qualified expenditures) are met are recorded as liabilities from unearned revenue.

Unavailable Revenue:

In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into major and nonmajor as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund and includes transactions accounted for in the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Projects.

The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is maintained by the County Treasurer and is used to account for both the accumulation of resources from ad valorem tax levies and the interest and redemption of principal of the funding of general obligation bonds issued by the District.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted or committed resources need to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the special revenue fund. The District maintains the following nonmajor special revenue fund:

- The *Deferred Maintenance Fund* is used for the purpose of major repair or replacement of district property.
- The *Cafeteria Fund* is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's food service programs.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays. The District maintains the following nonmajor capital projects funds:

- The *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).
- The *County School Facilities Fund* is used primarily to account separately for State apportionments for the construction of school facilities (Education Code Sections 17010.10-170761.)
- The *Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects* exists primarily to account for funds set aside for Board designated construction projects.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated on June 30.

H. Benefit Plans

Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and California State Teachers' Retirement System plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and STRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this period, the following time frames were used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Period	July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the District's Retiree Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions are based on when they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

terms for the measurement period included in the OPEB plan's actuarial reports. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Period	July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025

I. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

In accordance with *Education Code* Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

All District-directed investments are governed by Government Code Section 53601 and Treasury investment guidelines. The guidelines limit specific investments to government securities, domestic chartered financial securities, domestic corporate issues, and California municipal securities. The District's securities portfolio is held by the County Treasurer. Interest earned on investments is recorded as revenue of the fund from which the investment was made.

2. Fair Value Measurements

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach - This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.
- Cost approach - This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.
- Income approach - This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

3. Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method, in that inventory acquisitions are initially recorded as expenditures. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not “available for appropriation and expenditure” even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District’s central warehouse inventory is valued at a moving average cost and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The District has the option of reporting expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the benefiting period.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include sites, improvement of sites, buildings and improvements, equipment, right of use assets and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets are those purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more and are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset’s lives are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

Right of use assets are amortized over the life of the lease. All other capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated and using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Improvement of sites	20
Buildings	50
Portable buildings	20
Building improvements	20
Furniture and fixtures	20
Playground equipment	20
Food services equipment	15
Transportation equipment	15
Telephone system	10
Vehicles	8
Computer system and equipment	5
Office equipment	3-5

5. Leases Receivable (Lessor)

The District’s leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease terms. The present value, net of accumulated amortization, is reported as deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources are recorded at the initiation of the leases in an amount equal to the initial recording of the leases receivable, plus incentive payments received. Amounts recorded as deferred inflows of resources from the leases are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

6. Compensated Absences

The District recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered, (2) accumulates and may be carried over to subsequent periods, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as paid time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. Under these criteria, vacation and certain sick leave hours qualify for liability recognition. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements and includes applicable salary-related payroll taxes and benefits.

Vacation

All vacation pay, including related payroll taxes, is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only when they have matured, such as when payments are due upon employee resignation or retirement.

Sick Leave

The District provides accumulating sick leave benefits to its employees, which are not paid out upon termination and do not vest. A liability for compensated absences must be recognized for the portion of sick leave that is more likely than not to be used for future absences. As of June 30, 2025, management evaluated the sick leave balances and determined that the expected future use is immaterial to the financial statements. Therefore, no liability was recorded for accumulated sick leave for the year ended June 30, 2025.

7. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums, or discounts are reported as other financing sources/uses.

8. Lease Liabilities (Lessee)

The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (capital asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported separately with capital assets as right of use assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

9. Fund Balance Classifications

The District maintains a minimum unassigned fund balance of not less than 3 percent of budgeted general fund expenditures and other financing uses as a reserve for economic uncertainties. The District believes a reserve of this level is prudent to maintain a high bond rating and to protect the District from the effects of fluctuations in property tax revenues to which basic aide districts are vulnerable. Because amounts in the nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned categories are subject to varying constraints on their use, the reserve for economic uncertainties consists of balances that are otherwise unassigned.

Consistent with the Criteria and Standards for fiscal solvency adopted by the State Board of Education, the County Office maintains a reserve for economic uncertainties to safeguard the County Office's financial stability. The minimum recommended reserve for a County Office of this size is a minimum of three percent of budgeted general fund expenditures and other financing uses. The County Office policy is to maintain the reserve at six percent.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- *Restricted* fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed* fund balances includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Committed fund balances are imposed by the District's board of education.
- *Assigned* fund balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Superintendent and the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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- *Unassigned* fund balance includes positive amounts within the general fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

In order to comply with the requirements of GASB 54, the District has combined transactions in the Special Reserve fund for Other than Capital Outlay (Special Reserve Fund) with the General Fund because those funds do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund as defined by GASB 54.

10. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Capital Projects restrictions will be used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

Debt Service restrictions reflect the cash balances in the debt service funds that are restricted for debt service payments by debt covenants.

Educational Program restrictions reflect the amounts to be expended on specific school programs that are legally restricted.

Unrestricted net position reflects amounts that are not subject to any donor-imposed restrictions. This class also includes restricted gifts whose donor-imposed restrictions were met during the fiscal year. A deficit unrestricted net position may result when significant cash balances restricted for capital projects exist. Once the projects are completed, the restriction on these assets are released and converted to capital assets.

11. Local Control Funding Formula and Property Taxes

The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) creates base, supplemental, and concentration grants in place of most previously existing K–12 funding streams, including revenue limits and most state

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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categorical programs. The revenue limit was a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The county is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding March 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on August 31 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (March 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll - approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local revenue limit sources by the District.

12. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has joined together with other school districts in the County to form the San Mateo County Schools Insurance Group (SMCSIG) public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs. The District pays an annual premium for its property and casualty, workers' compensation, medical, unemployment and liability insurance coverage. The Joint Powers Agreements provide that SMCSIG will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of self-insured levels.

13. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are eliminated as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

14. Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated and reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

15. Accounting Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

J. Implemented New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*

This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences.

This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities.

With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*

This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact. The disclosure should include descriptions for (1) the concentration or constraint (2) each event associated with the concentration or constraint that could cause a substantial impact if the event had occurred or had begun to occur prior to the issuance of the financial statements (3) actions taken by the government prior to the issuance of the financial statements to mitigate the risk. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements

K. Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

The District is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following recent GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*

This Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability.

This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to (a) Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) (b) Unusual or infrequent items (c) Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position (d) Information about major component units in basic financial statements (e) Budgetary comparison information (f) Financial trend information in the statistical section. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*

This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, Leases, and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital as-sets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, also should be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class.

This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. A capital asset is a capital asset held for sale if (a) the government has decided to pursue the sale of the capital asset and (b) it is probable that the sale will be finalized within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should consider relevant factors to evaluate the likelihood of the capital asset being sold within the established time frame. This Statement requires that capital assets held for sale be evaluated each reporting period. Governments should disclose (1) the ending balance of capital assets held for sale, with separate disclosure for historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major class of asset, and (2) the carrying amount of debt for which the capital assets held for sale are pledged as collateral for each major class of asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of cash and investments as of June 30, 2025 is as follows:

Deposit or Investment	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<i>Government-Wide Statements:</i>		
Cash in county treasury investment pool	\$ 29,996,609	\$ 30,327,472
Cash with fiscal agent	2	2
Cash in revolving account	1,000	1,000
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 29,997,611</u>	<u>\$ 30,328,474</u>

Cash in banks and revolving funds

Cash balances in banks and revolving funds are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). These accounts are held within various financial institutions. As of June 30, 2025, the bank balance of the District's bank accounts was fully insured by FDIC.

Cash in County Treasury

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques above. This hierarchy has three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

Investments in the San Mateo County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are described below:

1. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to the changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains cash with the County of San Mateo Investment Pool. The pool has a fair value of approximately \$2.88 billion and an amortized book value of \$2.84 billion.

2. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the San Mateo County Investment Pool is governed by the County's general investment policy. The investment with the San Mateo County Investment Pool is rated at least A-1 by Standard & Poor's.

3. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

4. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. District investments that are greater than 5 percent of total investments are in either an external investment pool or mutual funds and are therefore exempt.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025:

Accounts Receivable	General Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Federal Government	\$ 295,845	\$ -	\$ 52,437	\$ 348,282
State Government	144,478	-	-	144,478
Local Resources	6,053	-	58,673	64,726
Other Resources	679,602	46,972	28,484	755,058
Total Accounts Receivable	<u>\$ 1,125,978</u>	<u>\$ 46,972</u>	<u>\$ 139,594</u>	<u>\$ 1,312,544</u>

NOTE 4 - LEASES RECEIVABLE AND RELATED DEFERRED INFLOWS

The following summarizes the District's leases receivable and related deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2025:

Description	Woodland Property Lease	Phillips Brooks Property Lease	Champions Property Lease	Total
Lease inception	8/1/2012	8/1/2012	7/1/2020	
Lease end	7/31/2038	7/31/2032	6/30/2025	
Min Annual Payment	\$ 941,865	\$ 1,262,747	\$ 154,560	
Rate	3.45%	2.70%	3.45%	
Leases Receivable				
Beg. Balance	\$ 10,690,454	\$ 4,784,075	\$ 151,710	\$ 15,626,239
Principal Payments	(609,704)	(1,176,477)	(151,710)	(1,937,891)
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 10,080,750</u>	<u>\$ 3,607,598</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,688,348</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Beg. Balance	\$ 8,196,501	\$ 3,112,153	\$ 141,777	\$ 11,450,431
Amortization	(630,500)	(1,037,385)	(141,777)	(1,809,662)
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 7,566,001</u>	<u>\$ 2,074,768</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9,640,769</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as loans, services provided reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. During the year, management transferred \$110,502 from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

The following summarizes the due to / due from other funds:

Fund	Due From Other Fund	Due To Other Fund
General Fund	\$ 200,148	\$ 118,165
Non-Major fund	118,165	200,148
Total	\$ 318,313	\$ 318,313

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Capital assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025:

Description	Balance July 01, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2025
Land - not depreciable	\$ 3,502,038	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,502,038
Work-in-progress - not depreciable	-	-	-	-
Buildings	161,235,655	-	-	161,235,655
Site improvements	5,517,398	-	-	5,517,398
Equipment	3,668,110	40,995	-	3,709,105
Right of use assets - equipment	280,106	-	-	280,106
Total capital assets	174,203,307	40,995	-	174,244,302
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings	28,896,223	2,904,238	-	31,800,461
Site improvements	4,986,451	115,280	-	5,101,731
Equipment	2,787,603	135,806	-	2,923,409
Right of use assets - equipment	168,063	56,021	-	224,084
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	36,838,340	3,211,345	-	40,049,685
Total capital assets - net depreciation and amortization	\$ 137,364,967	\$ (3,170,350)	\$ -	\$ 134,194,617

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,214,058
Supervision of instruction	62,773
Instruction library, media and technology	184,075
School site administration	82,237
Home-to-school transportation	101,152
All other pupil services	25,931
All other general administration	40,045
Plant services	501,074
Total depreciation and amortization expense	<u>\$ 3,211,345</u>

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 7 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2025:

Long-term Liabilities	Balance July 01, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 113,960,000	\$ -	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 110,835,000	\$ 2,520,000
Unamortized bond premium	8,059,626	-	595,176	7,464,450	-
Lease liabilities	164,030	-	56,258	107,772	58,026
Net pension liability	28,397,509	15,394,373	17,144,469	26,647,413	-
Net OPEB liability	1,584,534	1,187,432	1,602,308	1,169,658	-
Compensated absences	278,971	25,097	-	304,068	-
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 152,444,670</u>	<u>\$ 16,606,902</u>	<u>\$ 22,523,211</u>	<u>\$ 146,528,361</u>	<u>\$ 2,578,026</u>

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund from local revenues. The compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Through elections, the District received authorization to issue general obligation bonds that requires the county to levy annual ad valorem taxes for the payment of interest and principal on the bonds. Bond proceeds are used to build additional classrooms and to perform repairs and renovations.

On March 11, 2015 the District issued \$30,000,000 of 2013 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, to finance construction projects and facilities improvements. Gross proceeds from the bond were \$32,673,476, which included a premium of \$2,673,476. Net proceeds of \$32,370,550 were deposited with the County in the District's name, after bond issuance costs of \$211,815 and underwriter's discounts of \$91,111. Of the net proceeds deposited, \$29,788,185 was deposited into the Measure S building fund and \$2,585,365 was recorded in the bond interest and redemption fund.

On October 3, 2017 the District issued \$30,000,000 of 2013 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, to finance construction projects and facilities improvements. Gross proceeds from the bond were \$32,165,912, which included a premium of \$2,165,912. Net proceeds of \$32,165,912 were deposited with the County in the District's name, after bond issuance costs of \$215,000 and underwriter's discounts of \$93,633. Of the net proceeds deposited, \$29,785,000 was deposited into the Measure S building fund.

On September 12, 2018 the District issued \$30,000,000 of 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, to finance construction projects and facilities improvements. Gross proceeds from the bond were \$31,740,109, which included a premium of \$1,740,109. Net proceeds of \$31,740,109 were deposited with the County in the District's name, after bond issuance costs of \$223,000 and underwriter's discounts of \$93,347. Of the net proceeds deposited, \$29,777,000 was deposited into the Measure R building fund and \$1,645,762 was deposit into the Debt Service Fund.

On May 4, 2021 the District issued \$40,000,000 of 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, to finance construction projects and facilities improvements. Gross proceeds from the bond were \$44,619,243, which included a premium of \$4,619,243. Net proceeds of \$44,267,094 were deposited with the County in the District's name, after bond issuance costs of \$352,149. Of the net proceeds deposited, \$39,788,000 was deposited into the Measure R building fund and \$4,479,094 was deposit into the Debt Service Fund.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

The outstanding General Obligation Bond debt consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025:

Bonds	Year Issued	Interest Rate	Year of Maturity	Original Issue	Outstanding July 01, 2024	Issued	Redeemed	Outstanding June 30, 2025
2013 GOB, Series A	2015	1.75-5%	2041	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 24,590,000	\$ -	\$ 470,000	\$ 24,120,000
2013 GOB, Series B	2018	1.75-5%	2040	30,000,000	26,770,000	-	605,000	26,165,000
2018 GOB, Series A	2019	1.51-4%	2044	30,000,000	27,595,000	-	190,000	27,405,000
2018 GOB, Series B	2021	2-4%	2041	40,000,000	35,005,000	-	1,860,000	33,145,000
Total Bonds				\$ 130,000,000	\$ 113,960,000	\$ -	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 110,835,000

The annual debt service requirements of the Bonds consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 2,520,000	\$ 4,085,438	\$ 6,605,438
2027	2,880,000	3,976,538	6,856,538
2028	3,170,000	3,848,588	7,018,588
2029	3,590,000	3,702,838	7,292,838
2030	4,040,000	3,535,488	7,575,488
2030-2034	28,060,000	14,524,967	42,584,967
2035-2039	43,695,000	7,951,965	51,646,965
2040-2044	22,880,000	1,066,262	23,946,262
Total Debt Service	\$ 110,835,000	\$ 42,692,084	\$ 153,527,084

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District entered into a contract to lease the right to use a copier. The lease was recorded at the net present value of the future minimum lease payments which was \$280,106 with interest at 3.1%. The minimum annual payments were \$60,547.

The following summarizes the future lease payments:

Year Ending June 30	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total
2026	\$ 58,026	\$ 2,521	\$ 60,547
2027	49,746	710	50,456
Totals	\$ 107,772	\$ 3,231	\$ 111,003

NOTE 9 - CALPERS PENSION PLAN

General Information about the PERS Pension Plan

Plan Description - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of

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total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	CalPERS	
	Classic	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age: minimum	50	52
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	(1)	(1)
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	8.000%
Required employer contribution rates	27.050%	27.050%

(1) Monthly benefit is a product of benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2025 the District's contributions were as follows:

	CalPERS
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,873,635

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to PERS

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
CalPERS	\$ 10,528,293

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

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The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2025 was as follows:

	CalPERS
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.03206%
Proportion - June 30, 2025	0.02946%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	<u>-0.00260%</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,895,273 for the Plan. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 232,711	\$ -
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	882,643	75,351
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	408,963	-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	5,395	2,833
Change in Employer's Proportion	154,602	577,796
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	1,873,635	-
Total	<u>\$ 3,557,949</u>	<u>\$ 655,980</u>

The District reported \$1,873,635 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 432,195
2027	800,899
2028	(75,356)
2029	(129,404)
2030	-
Thereafter	-
Total	<u>\$ 1,028,334</u>

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Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	6.8% (2)
Mortality	(3)

- (1) Varies by entry age and service
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.90 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short- term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 11 years) and the long-term (60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long- term, the present value of benefits was calculated for the Plan. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

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These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class (a)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Return (1)(2)
Global Equity Cap Weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity NonCap Weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

(1) An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period.

(2) Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Study.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>CalPERS</u>
1% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,639,867
Current	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,528,293
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,305,726

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

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NOTE 10 - CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) PENSION PLAN

General Information about the STRS Pension Plan

Plan Description - The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Benefits Provided - STRS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the retirement Law. The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Tier 1	Tier 2
Benefit formula	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age:	60	62
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	2%	2%
Required employee contribution rates	10.250%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rates	19.100%	19.100%
Required State contribution rates	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions - As part of the annual valuation process, the Normal Cost rate is determined as the basis for setting the base member contribution rate for the following fiscal year. Generally, the base member contribution rate is one-half of the Normal Cost rate within certain parameters. Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the year ended June 30, 2025 the District's contributions were as follows:

	CalSTRS
Employer Contributions	\$ 3,278,389
State Contributions	1,506,647
Total	<u>\$ 4,785,036</u>

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Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to STRS

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
District	\$ 16,119,120
State	7,395,452
Total	<u>\$ 23,514,572</u>

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The state contributed 10.828% percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. Also, as a result of AB 1469, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specific in subdivision (b) of Education Code Section 22955.1. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2045-2046. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2025 was as follows:

	CalSTRS
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.02205%
Proportion - June 30, 2025	0.02400%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	<u>0.00195%</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,010,562 for the Plan, which included a state contribution of \$1,506,647. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 70,560	\$ 1,100,880
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	1,823,280	704,880
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	-	65,040
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	40,977	345,412
Change in Employer's Proportion	1,736,571	1,119,666
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	3,278,389	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,949,777</u>	<u>\$ 3,335,878</u>

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The District reported \$3,278,389 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (1,139,160)
2027	1,307,160
2028	(66,359)
2029	(25,457)
2030	141,555
Thereafter	117,773
Total	\$ 335,512

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2025 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.10%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Postretirement Benefit Increases ⁽¹⁾	
Investment Rate of Return ⁽²⁾	7.10%
Mortality ⁽³⁾	

⁽¹⁾ 2% simple for DB (annually), maintain 85% purchasing power level for DB. Not applicable for DBS/CBB

⁽²⁾ Net of investment expense but gross of administrative expenses.

⁽³⁾ Uses a base year of 2023 and projected improvement is based on the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur

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midyear. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (a) (b)
Public Equity	38.00%	5.25%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.05%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.75%
Fixed Income	14.00%	2.45%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	10.00%	2.25%
Inflation Sensitive	7.00%	3.65%
Liquidity	2.00%	0.05%
Total	100.00%	

- (a) In the System's ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) Real return is net of assumed 2.75% inflation.
- (c) 20-to 30-year geometric average.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	CalSTRS
1% Decrease	6.10%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 28,670,640
Current	7.10%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,119,120
1% Increase	8.10%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,638,080

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued STRS financial reports.

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NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Plan Description - The District's Postemployment Healthcare Plan (the OPEB plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan.

Benefits Provided - The following is a summary of the plan benefits provided:

	Certificated	Classified
Benefits Provided:	Medical Only	Medical Only
Duration of Benefits:	Lifetime*	Lifetime**
Required Services:	10 years at age 60 plus one year per additional year before age 60	10 years at age 65 plus one year per additional year before age 65 to maximum of 20 years at age 55
Minimum Age:	55	55
Dependent Coverage:	50%	60%
Contribution Percentage:	100% to cap	100% to cap
Cap:	50% of least expensive of four plans with greatest participation	60% of least expensive plan

* Those hired after 12/31/2010 are eligible for these benefits only to Medicare age

** Those hired after 5/31/2011 are eligible for these benefits only to Medicare age

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2024 (the measurement date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	158
Inactive employees	93
Total employees	<u>251</u>

Contributions - The District makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate and are approved by the authority of the District's Board. Total contributions to the OPEB plan during the year were \$393,653. Total contributions included in the measurement period were \$437,062. The actuarially determined contribution for the measurement period was \$294,443. The District's contributions were 2.16% of payroll during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The plan fiduciary net position assets are accumulated in an irrevocable trust.

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Actuarial Assumptions - The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Period:	20 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Healthcare Trend Rate	4.00%
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, Net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including inflation
Mortality	<u>Certificated</u> 2020 CalSTRS Mortality <u>Classified</u> 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees
Retirement	<u>Certificated Management</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@62 Rates <u>Certificated</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@62 Rates <u>Classified</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2021 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Schools Employees Hired 2013 and later: 2021 CalPERS 2.0%@62 Rates for School Employees <u>Classified Management</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2021 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Schools Employees Hired 2013 and later: 2021 CalPERS 2.0%@62 Rates for School Employees
Service Requirement	<u>Certificated Management</u> 100% at age plus service of at least 70 and minimum 10 years of service <u>Certificated</u> 100% at age plus service of at least 70 and minimum 10 years of service <u>Classified</u> 100% at age plus service of at least 75 and minimum 10 years of service <u>Classified Management</u> 100% at age plus service of at least 75 and minimum 10 years of service

Discount Rate - The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set to be equal to the long-term expected rate of return which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

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Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
All Commodities	49.00%	4.840%
All Fixed Income	23.00%	4.250%
All Equities	20.00%	7.545%
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	3.00%	7.250%
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.00%	3.000%
Total	100.00%	

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (asset) - The following summarizes the changes in the net OPEB liability (asset) during the year ended June 30, 2025:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025 (Measurement Date June 30, 2024)	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 8,764,080	\$ 7,179,546	\$ 1,584,534
Service cost	200,200	-	200,200
Interest in Total OPEB Liability	584,394	-	584,394
Employer contributions	-	393,653	(393,653)
Balance of diff between actual and exp experience	(19,323)	-	(19,323)
Actual investment income	-	788,834	(788,834)
Administrative expenses	-	(2,340)	2,340
Benefit payments	(393,653)	(393,653)	-
Net changes	371,618	786,494	(414,876)
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 9,135,698	\$ 7,966,040	\$ 1,169,658
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 18,259,534		
Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	50.03%		
Plan Fid. Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	87.20%		
Service Cost as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	1.10%		
Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	6.41%		

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Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$ -	\$ 24,551
Difference between actual and expected earnings	164,683	-
Change in assumptions	166,389	-
OPEB contribution subsequent to measurement date	450,456	-
Total	\$ 781,528	\$ 24,551

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$450,456 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2026	\$ (64,419)
2027	180,351
2028	(24,725)
2029	(20,245)
2030	40,615
Thereafter	194,944
Total	\$ 306,521

OPEB Expense - The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the year ended June 30, 2025, for the measurement date of June 30, 2024:

Service cost	\$ 200,200
Interest in TOL	584,394
Expected investment income	(484,540)
Difference between actual and expected experience	(123,650)
Difference between actual and expected earnings	63,648
Change in assumptions	34,634
Administrative expenses	2,340
OPEB Expense	\$ 277,026

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The following summarizes changes in the net OPEB liability (Asset) as reconciled to OPEB expense during the year ended June 30, 2025, for the measurement date of June 30, 2024:

Net OPEB liability ending	\$ 1,169,658
Net OPEB liability beginning	(1,584,534)
Change in net OPEB liability	(414,876)
Changes in deferred outflows	345,773
Changes in deferred inflows	(104,327)
Employer contributions and implicit subsidy	450,456
OPEB Expense	<u>\$ 277,026</u>

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate - The net OPEB liability (Asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

	Discount Rate		
	(1% Decrease)	6.75%	(1% Increase)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,296,422	\$ 1,169,658	\$ 231,734

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

	Trend Rate		
	(1% Decrease)	4.00%	(1% Increase)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 29,300	\$ 1,169,658	\$ 2,568,365

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. If the review or audit discloses exceptions, the District may incur a liability to grantor agencies.

Litigation

The District is involved in certain legal matters that arose out of the normal course of business. The District has not accrued a liability for any potential litigation against it because it does not meet the criteria to be considered a liability at June 30, 2025.

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURES (JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS)

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the San Mateo County Schools Insurance Group (SMCSIG). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes. The SMCSIG arranges and provides

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

workers' compensation, medical, property and liability insurance for its members. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to its participation in the JPA. SMCSIG's most recent financial statement information can be found at <https://www.smcsig.org>.

NOTE 14 - CHANGES WITHIN THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Change in Presentation

During fiscal year 2025, the Building Fund was fully expended and closed out. The fund was previously reported as a major fund but was reclassified and removed from the financial statements this year due to inactivity. As there were no revenues or expenditures in the current year, and all balances were cleared, the fund is no longer presented.

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**REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION**

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive - (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	
Revenues:				
LCFF sources	\$ 30,036,514	\$ 30,207,087	\$ 30,207,087	\$ -
Federal	363,414	397,886	397,886	-
Other state	2,678,866	2,716,699	2,716,699	-
Other local	5,692,282	6,641,561	6,513,332	(128,229)
Total revenues	38,771,076	39,963,233	39,835,004	(128,229)
Expenditures:				
Certificated salaries	15,519,501	17,372,969	17,372,969	-
Classified salaries	6,059,829	6,991,513	6,991,513	-
Employee benefits	9,803,583	10,526,001	10,525,912	89
Books and supplies	1,946,067	1,272,465	1,272,497	(32)
Services and other operating expenses	3,165,400	5,706,113	5,706,143	(30)
Capital outlay	80,951	40,995	40,995	-
Other outgo	221,030	275,428	275,428	-
Total expenditures	36,796,361	42,185,484	42,185,457	27
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,974,715	(2,222,251)	(2,350,453)	(128,202)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	(110,502)	(110,502)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(110,502)	(110,502)
Change in fund balance	\$ 1,974,715	\$ (2,222,251)	\$ (2,460,955)	\$ (238,704)
Fund balance beginning			23,683,570	
Fund balance ending			\$ 21,222,615	

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CALPERS PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 418,052	\$ 500,033	\$ 572,768	\$ 726,054	\$ 819,237
Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contributions	418,052	500,033	572,768	726,054	819,237
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,528,758	\$ 3,600,468	\$ 3,687,902	\$ 4,019,787	\$ 4,154,135
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	11.85%	13.89%	15.53%	18.06%	19.72%

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 900,832	\$ 1,129,040	\$ 1,422,850	\$ 1,585,860	\$ 1,873,635
Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contributions	900,832	1,129,040	1,422,850	1,585,860	1,873,635
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,351,845	\$ 4,928,154	\$ 5,608,396	\$ 5,944,003	\$ 6,926,562
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	20.70%	22.91%	25.37%	26.68%	27.05%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2023

Assumptions Used: Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing
3.9 Years Remaining Amortization Period
Inflation Assumed at 2.30%
Investment Rate of Returns set at 6.8
CalPERS mortality table based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in the District's fiscal year 2016, to 7.15% in FY18, and then decreased to 6.90% in FY22.

The CalPERS inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50% during the District's fiscal year 2019, and to 2.30% in FY23. The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in the District's fiscal year 2021.

In 2019, the amortization period for actuarial gains and losses was shortened from 30 years to 20 years.

This schedule presents information on the District's portion of the net pension liability of CalPERS in compliance with GASB 68.

LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CALPERS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Plan Measurement Date	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Fiscal Year Ended	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.02673%	0.02741%	0.02823%	0.02781%	0.02886%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,940,650	\$ 5,413,579	\$ 6,739,246	\$ 7,415,022	\$ 8,410,157
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,342,681	\$ 3,528,758	\$ 3,600,468	\$ 3,687,902	\$ 4,019,787
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	117.89%	153.41%	187.18%	201.06%	209.22%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	79.43%	73.90%	71.87%	70.85%	70.05%
Plan Measurement Date	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fiscal Year Ended	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.02876%	0.03029%	0.03147%	0.03206%	0.02946%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,824,453	\$ 6,159,299	\$ 10,827,851	\$ 11,604,573	\$ 10,528,293
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,154,135	\$ 4,351,845	\$ 4,928,154	\$ 5,608,396	\$ 5,944,003
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	212.43%	141.53%	219.71%	206.91%	177.12%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	70.00%	80.97%	69.76%	69.96%	72.29%

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in the District's fiscal year 2016, to 7.15% in FY18, and then decreased to 6.90% in FY22.

The CalPERS inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50% during the District's fiscal year 2019, and to 2.30% in FY22. The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in the District's fiscal year 2018.

In 2019, the amortization period for actuarial gains and losses was shortened from 30 years to 20 years.

This schedule presents information on the District's portion of the net pension liability of CalPERS in compliance with GASB 68.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF STRS PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 1,174,440	\$ 1,426,933	\$ 1,741,837	\$ 2,000,193	\$ 2,159,124
Contributions in Relation to					
Contractually Required Contributions	1,174,440	1,426,933	1,741,837	2,000,193	2,159,124
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 10,945,387	\$ 11,342,870	\$ 12,070,942	\$ 12,286,198	\$ 12,626,456
Contributions as a					
% of Covered Payroll	10.73%	12.58%	14.43%	16.28%	17.10%

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,029,305	\$ 2,341,880	\$ 2,585,536	\$ 2,956,125	\$ 3,278,389
Contributions in Relation to					
Contractually Required Contributions	2,029,305	2,341,880	2,585,536	2,956,125	3,278,389
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 12,565,356	\$ 13,840,898	\$ 13,536,838	\$ 15,477,094	\$ 17,164,340
Contributions as a					
% of Covered Payroll	16.15%	16.92%	19.10%	19.10%	19.10%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2023

Assumptions Used: Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
Level Percentage of Payroll Basis
7 Years Remaining Amortization Period
Inflation Assumed at 2.75%
Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.10%
Mortality tables use a base year of 2023 and projected improvement is based on the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

The CalSTRS discount rate was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% in the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS investment rate of return was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS inflation rate was decreased from 3% to 2.75% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS wage growth was decreased from 3.75% to 3.5% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

This schedule provides information about the District's required and actual contributions to CalSTRS during the year.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF STRS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.02042%	0.02068%	0.02100%	0.02200%	0.02300%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,747,575	\$ 16,730,115	\$ 19,420,590	\$ 20,219,540	\$ 20,772,680
State's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Associated with the District	<u>7,270,955</u> \$ 21,018,530	<u>9,524,120</u> \$ 26,254,235	<u>11,489,027</u> \$ 30,909,617	<u>11,576,698</u> \$ 31,796,238	<u>11,332,951</u> \$ 32,105,631
Covered Payroll	\$ 10,761,509	\$ 10,945,387	\$ 11,342,870	\$ 12,070,942	\$ 12,286,198
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	127.75%	152.85%	171.21%	167.51%	169.07%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	74.02%	70.04%	69.46%	70.99%	72.56%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.02300%	0.02321%	0.02415%	0.02205%	0.02400%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,289,070	\$ 10,562,365	\$ 16,781,398	\$ 16,792,936	\$ 16,119,120
State's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Associated with the District	<u>11,490,016</u> \$ 33,779,086	<u>5,314,560</u> \$ 15,876,925	<u>8,404,124</u> \$ 25,185,522	<u>8,045,999</u> \$ 24,838,935	<u>7,395,452</u> \$ 23,514,572
Covered Payroll	\$ 12,626,456	\$ 12,565,356	\$ 13,840,898	\$ 13,536,838	\$ 15,477,094
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	176.53%	84.06%	121.25%	124.05%	104.15%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	71.82%	87.21%	81.20%	80.62%	83.55%

The CalSTRS discount rate was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% in the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS investment rate of return was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS inflation rate was decreased from 3% to 2.75% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS wage growth was decreased from 3.75% to 3.5% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

This schedule presents information on the District's portion of the net pension liability of CalSTRS in compliance with GASB 68.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR
OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	\$ 455,533	\$ 409,145	\$ 331,397	\$ 294,683	\$ 81,281	\$ 245,862	\$ 333,283	\$ 294,443
Less: actual contribution in relation to ADC	(671,460)	(667,451)	(666,764)	(670,781)	(272,681)	(272,681)	(308,454)	(393,653)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (215,927)	\$ (258,306)	\$ (335,367)	\$ (376,098)	\$ (191,400)	\$ (26,819)	\$ 24,829	\$ (99,210)
Covered employee payroll	\$15,516,677	\$15,943,386	\$16,381,829	\$16,832,329	\$17,295,218	\$17,770,836	\$17,770,836	\$18,259,534
Contrib. as a % of covered employee payroll	4.33%	4.19%	4.07%	3.99%	1.58%	1.53%	1.74%	2.16%

Notes to Schedule:

Assumptions and Methods

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Amortization Period:	20 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Healthcare Trend Rate	4.00%
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, Net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including inflation
Mortality	<u>Certificated</u> 2020 CalSTRS Mortality <u>Classified</u> 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees
Retirement	<u>Certificated Management</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS <u>Certificated</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS <u>Classified</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2021 CalPERS Hired 2013 and later: 2021 CalPERS <u>Classified Management</u> Hired 2012 and earlier: 2021 CalPERS Hired 2013 and later: 2021 CalPERS

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June. There were no changes in benefit terms. There were no changes in discount rates, trend rates or assumptions. Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Fiscal Year Ended	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$ 158,544	\$ 162,904	\$ 167,384	\$ 156,501	\$ 160,805	\$ 201,287	\$ 206,822	\$ 200,200
Interest	472,037	493,822	516,610	477,100	510,303	463,634	488,668	584,394
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	(945,999)	(78,069)	(1,088,841)	(12,509)	1,123,152	(19,323)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	-	349,846	-	(36,445)	-
Benefit payments	(317,391)	(330,087)	(303,943)	(244,764)	(231,150)	(272,681)	(308,454)	(393,653)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	313,190	326,639	(565,948)	310,768	(299,037)	379,731	1,473,743	371,618
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	6,824,995	7,138,185	7,464,824	6,898,876	7,209,644	6,910,607	7,290,338	8,764,081
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 7,138,185	\$ 7,464,824	\$ 6,898,876	\$ 7,209,644	\$ 6,910,607	\$ 7,290,338	\$ 8,764,081	\$ 9,135,699
Plan fiduciary net position								
Employer contributions	\$ 667,077	\$ 671,460	\$ 667,451	\$ 666,764	\$ 670,781	\$ 272,681	\$ 308,454	\$ 393,653
Net investment income	337,720	309,394	278,922	181,434	1,583,359	(1,043,196)	433,364	788,834
Benefit payments	(317,391)	(330,087)	(303,943)	(244,764)	(231,150)	(272,681)	(308,454)	(393,653)
Other	-	1,950	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative expense	(2,850)	(7,215)	(970)	(2,526)	(2,185)	(1,973)	(1,961)	(2,340)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	684,556	645,502	641,460	600,908	2,020,805	(1,045,169)	431,403	786,494
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,200,082	3,884,638	4,530,140	5,171,600	5,772,508	7,793,313	6,748,144	7,179,547
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 3,884,638	\$ 4,530,140	\$ 5,171,600	\$ 5,772,508	\$ 7,793,313	\$ 6,748,144	\$ 7,179,547	\$ 7,966,041
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 3,253,547	2,934,684	1,727,276	1,437,136	(882,706)	542,194	1,584,534	1,169,658
Plan fiduciary net position % of total OPEB liab.	54.42%	60.69%	74.96%	80.07%	112.77%	92.56%	81.92%	87.20%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$15,101,389	\$15,516,677	\$15,943,386	\$16,381,829	\$16,832,329	\$17,295,218	\$17,770,836	\$18,259,534
Net OPEB liab. % of covered employee payroll	21.54%	18.91%	10.83%	8.77%	-5.24%	3.13%	8.92%	6.41%
Total OPEB liab. % of covered employee payroll	47.27%	48.11%	43.27%	44.01%	41.06%	42.15%	49.32%	50.03%

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available.

GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

There were no changes in benefit terms.

There were no changes in discount rates, trend rates or assumptions.

**SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION**

***Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combined Schedules***

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025**

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds			
	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 2,447,740	\$ 53,312	\$ 592,224	\$ 3,553,585	\$ 256,365	\$ 6,903,226
Accounts receivable	25,149	53,148	22,734	35,917	2,624	139,572
Due from other funds	-	118,165	-	-	-	118,165
Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,472,889</u>	<u>\$ 224,625</u>	<u>\$ 614,958</u>	<u>\$ 3,589,502</u>	<u>\$ 258,989</u>	<u>\$ 7,160,963</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 20,265	\$ 24,477	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,742
Due to other funds	-	200,148	-	-	-	200,148
Total Liabilities	<u>20,265</u>	<u>224,625</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>244,890</u>
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Site repairs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 614,424	\$ 138,860	\$ -	\$ 753,284
Committed for:						
Repairs and maintenance	2,452,624	-	-	-	-	2,452,624
Assigned for capital projects	-	-	534	3,450,642	258,989	3,710,165
Total Fund Balances	<u>2,452,624</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>614,958</u>	<u>3,589,502</u>	<u>258,989</u>	<u>6,916,073</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 2,472,889</u>	<u>\$ 224,625</u>	<u>\$ 614,958</u>	<u>\$ 3,589,502</u>	<u>\$ 258,989</u>	<u>\$ 7,160,963</u>

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds			
	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Total
Revenues:						
Federal	\$ -	\$ 56,140.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,140.00
Other state	-	309,784	-	-	-	309,784
Other local	98,212	-	353,105	137,003	11,460	599,780
Total revenues	98,212	365,924	353,105	137,003	11,460	965,704
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Pupil services:						
Food services	-	476,426	-	-	-	476,426
Plant services	119,650	-	266,781	-	3,800	390,231
Facility acquisition and construction	21,337	-	-	-	149,753	171,090
Total expenditures	140,987	476,426	266,781	-	153,553	1,037,747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(42,775)	(110,502)	86,324	137,003	(142,093)	(72,043)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	110,502	-	-	-	110,502
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	110,502	-	-	-	110,502
Net change in fund balances	(42,775)	-	86,324	137,003	(142,093)	38,459
Fund balances beginning	2,495,399	-	528,634	3,452,499	401,082	6,877,614
Fund balances ending	\$ 2,452,624	\$ -	\$ 614,958	\$ 3,589,502	\$ 258,989	\$ 6,916,073

**COMPLIANCE
SECTION**

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Total ADA		Classroom Based	
	Second Period Report	Annual Report	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Regular ADA:				
Grades TK/K through three	468.29	459.20	468.29	459.20
Grades four through six	336.95	336.58	336.95	336.58
Grades seven and eight	206.19	205.40	206.19	205.40
Total Regular ADA:	1,011.43	1,001.18	1,011.43	1,001.18
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsect Schools				
Grades TK/K through three	0.88	0.81	0.88	0.81
Grades four through six	0.50	0.52	0.50	0.52
Grades seven and eight	2.77	2.54	2.77	2.54
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsect Schools	4.15	3.87	4.15	3.87
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsect Schools:				
Grades TK/K through three	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
Grades four through six	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Grades seven and eight	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19
Total Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsect Schools	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43
Basic Aid Choice/Court-Ordered Voluntary Pupil Transfer ADA:				
Grades TK/K through three	37.18	37.45	37.18	37.45
Grades four through six	34.26	34.22	34.26	34.22
Grades seven and eight	7.94	7.96	7.94	7.96
Total Basic Aid Choice/Court-Ordered Voluntary Pupil Transfer ADA	79.38	79.63	79.38	79.63
Total ADA	1,095.39	1,085.11	1,095.39	1,085.11

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

<u>Grade Level</u>	<u>Minutes Requirements</u>	<u>2025 Actual Minutes</u>	<u>Number of Days Traditional Calendar</u>	<u>Number of Days Multitrack Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	36,000	43,765	180	0	In compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,885	180	0	In compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,885	180	0	In compliance
Grade 3	50,400	50,885	180	0	In compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,676	180	0	In compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,676	180	0	In compliance
Grade 6	54,000	60,079	180	0	In compliance
Grade 7	54,000	60,079	180	0	In compliance
Grade 8	54,000	60,079	180	0	In compliance

This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	(Budget) ¹			
	2026	2025	2024	2023
<u>General Fund</u>				
Revenues and other financial sources	\$ 40,453,031	\$ 39,835,004	\$ 38,617,435	\$ 37,793,768
Expenditures	42,752,922	42,185,457	37,498,625	34,999,737
Other uses and transfers out	159,526	110,502	175,078	3,000,000
Total outgo	42,912,448	42,295,959	37,673,703	37,999,737
Change in fund balance	(2,459,417)	(2,460,955)	943,732	(205,969)
Ending fund balance	\$ 18,763,198	\$ 21,222,615	\$ 23,683,570	\$ 22,739,838
Available reserves ⁽²⁾	\$ 4,326,254	\$ 6,096,918	\$ 6,095,683	\$ 3,818,750
Reserve for economic uncertainties	\$ 1,282,556	\$ 1,265,456	\$ 1,127,206	\$ 1,049,612
Unassigned fund balance	\$ 3,043,698	\$ 4,831,462	\$ 4,968,477	\$ 2,769,138
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	10.08%	14.41%	16.18%	10.05%
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 143,950,335	\$ 146,528,361	\$ 154,214,279	\$ 146,160,166
Average daily attendance (ADA) at P-2	1,060	1,095	1,116	1,106

Average daily attendance has decreased by 11 since 2023. The District anticipates a decrease of 35 ADA during fiscal year 2025/26.

The state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). The fiscal year 2025/26 budget projects a \$2,459,417 decrease in fund balance.

The District operated at a deficit in two of the past three years. Total long-term debt has increased by \$368,195 over the last three years.

¹ Budget numbers are based on the first adopted budget of the fiscal year 2025/26, which is unaudited.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances in the general fund, which includes the reserve for economic uncertainties.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS (UNAUDITED).
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

There were no charter schools to be reported.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT
TO THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	General Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025 Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balances	\$ 14,416,982	\$ 5,441,270	\$ 13,849,934
Adjustments and Reclassifications:			
GASB 87 Adjustments			
Leases Receivable net of Deferrals	(128,228)	-	-
Special Res Fund for Other Than Cap Outlay:			
GASB 54 Adjustments	6,933,574	-	(6,933,574)
Student Activity Special Revenue Fund:			
GASB 54 Adjustments	287	-	(287)
June 30, 2025 Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	<u>\$ 21,222,615</u>	<u>\$ 5,441,270</u>	<u>\$ 6,916,073</u>

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO STATE AND FEDERAL AWARD COMPLIANCE SECTIONS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes in the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments in state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has not received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

C. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

D. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

E. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report to the Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported in the annual financial and budget report to the audited financial statements.

**OTHER
INFORMATION**

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
ORGANIZATION (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

The Las Lomas Elementary School District Board was established in 1904 in San Mateo County, California. There were no changes in boundaries during the current year. The District is comprised of one elementary and one middle school.

Governing Board

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Paige Winikoff	President	2026
Kimberly Legg	Clerk	2028
Jason Morimoto	Member	2028
Heather Hopkins	Member	2026
Gautam Nadella	Member	2026

Administration

Erik Burmeister
Superintendent

Mei Chan
Chief Business Officer

Valerie Park
Assistant Superintendent

**OTHER INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORTS**



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Board of Education
Las Lomas Elementary School District
Menlo Park, CA

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Las Lomas Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2025.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2025-001.

District's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our engagement and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C & A LLP

December 12, 2025
Morgan Hill, California



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees
of the Las Lomas Elementary School District
Menlo Park, California

Report of State Compliance

Qualified Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited the Las Lomas Elementary School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, the Las Lomas Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the State Programs noted in the table below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on State Compliance Requirements

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (Audit Guide)*, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Las Lomas Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the state programs identified in the *Audit Guide*. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Las Lomas Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matters Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on State Compliance

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2025-001. The District did not comply with requirements regarding Expanded Learning Opportunities Program. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with the requirements applicable to the program.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Las Lomas Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Audit Guide* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Las Lomas Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:



2024-25 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other than Charter Schools:	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Independent Study	N/A
Continuation Education	N/A
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools:	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	N/A
Before / After School Education and Safety Program	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	N/A
Immunization	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	N/A
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	N/A
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Districts	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom - Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questions Costs as item 2025-001 to be significant deficiencies.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, as discussed above, we have identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Las Lomas Elementary School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost. Las Lomas Elementary School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

C & A LLP

December 12, 2025
Morgan Hill, California

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses?

 Yes x No

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered to be material weaknesses?

 Yes x None Reported

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

 Yes x No

Federal Awards

The District did not incur expenditures of \$750,000 or more in federal awards.

State Awards

Internal control over state programs:

Material weaknesses?

 Yes x No

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered to be material weaknesses?

 x Yes None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance over state programs:

Modified

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No findings noted.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings noted.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2025-001: Expanded Learning Opportunities Program

Criteria: Education Code Section 46120 requires LEAs offer comprehensive after school and intersessional Expanded Learning Opportunities to all unduplicated pupils in Transitional Kindergarten/Kindergarten through sixth grade (TK/K–6) classroom-based instructional programs starting in 2021–22.

Condition: The District failed to meet the ELO Program compliance requirements by not operating the program as required by the Education Code Section 46120. The funds allocated for program support were not spent.

Questioned Costs: The questioned costs were \$255,935.

Effect: The District is ineligible to receive the ELO Program funding.

Cause: The District did not operate the ELO Program as required by Education Code Section 46120.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District return the funds that it received to operate the ELO program.

Corrective Action Plan: Management agrees with the auditor and will return the fund to the State, and plans to opt out of this program in future years.

**LAS LOMITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No findings noted.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings noted.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2024-001: Expanded Learning Opportunities Program (40000)

Criteria: Education Code Section 46120 requires LEAs offer comprehensive after school and intersessional Expanded Learning Opportunities to all unduplicated pupils in Transitional Kindergarten/Kindergarten through sixth grade (TK/K–6) classroom-based instructional programs starting in 2021–22.

Condition: The District failed to meet the ELO Program compliance requirements by not operating the program as required by the Education Code Section 46120. The funds allocated for program support were not spent.

Questioned Costs: The questioned costs were \$208,742.

Effect: The District is ineligible to receive the ELO Program funding.

Cause: The District did not operate the ELO Program as required by Education Code Section 46120.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District return the funds that it received to operate the ELO program.

Corrective Action Plan: Management agrees with the auditors recommendation and will contact the state to coordinate paying back the funds received.

Status: Repeat Finding.